

WOOD COUNTY DEMOCRATS

MET AT MARSHFIELD

A number of the Democrats of the county were in session at Marshfield on Friday, at which time delegates were appointed to the Democratic State Conference at Milwaukee. The conference opens today and the attendance promises to be large. The delegates that were selected were: R. J. Strauss, Otto Helmerman, J. M. Quinn, J. J. Varney, A. G. Pankow, Wm. Reeves, A. B. Sutor, D. D. Conway, Jack Farley, L. M. Nash, F. X. Grode, H. E. Fitch, F. Michaels, George Hooper, John Looker and Frank Cramer. Wood county delegates were instructed to cast the first ballot in the nomination for Governor for Bert Williams of Ashland.

The meeting was well attended for a gathering of this sort and the harmony exhibited among those present was not only pleasing but indicates a harmonious election this fall.

FORD WILL NOT RUN

Detroit, Mich., July 10.—Henry Ford, in an interview here today said that he would not run against President Wilson. "He is for peace, and so am I," Mr. Ford said. The interview was asked for because of reports from Chicago that Mr. Ford might be the Prohibition candidate.

McBETH-HERITAGE

Miss Margorie McBeth of Monticello, Ind., and C. C. Heritage of Chattanooga, Tenn., were married at Monticello, at the home of the bride's parents, on June 30, announcement cards having been received by friends in this city the past week.

Both of the young people are well and favorably known in this city, Miss McBeth having taught in our public schools for the past two years, while Mr. Heritage was until recently acting as head chemist at the Nekeosa-Edwards mill at Port Edwards. They have many friends here who will wish them a long and happy wedded life.

ROGER NOT ARRESTED

Ole Roger of Port Edwards, who was reported to have been arrested for speeding in Port Edwards, was a caller at this office on Friday and stated that he was not arrested but at the time of the incident was merely warned that he was going too fast. The Tribune was given the item from presumably reliable authority, but in this case proved to be a mistake.

Legal Blanks for sale at this office

HOLSTEIN BULL CALF

SELLS FOR \$20,000

King Champion Rag Apple, 7 months old, Holstein bull calf, consigned by Oliver Cabana, Jr., of Elm Center, N. Y., was sold at auction at Detroit sale on June 9, 1916, to A. W. Green of Middlefield, Ohio, for \$20,000. The sire of this animal is a half brother to the sire of the young sire, Sir Archy Koonokdy, owned by the Consolidated Farms of this city.

NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS

You are hereby notified that after the 5th of July all owners of dogs who have not paid their dog tax will be called upon by the dog tax collector and 25c extra will be collected on this service. Better pay before the 15th.

Joseph Whelan, City Clerk.

HAVE BID ON DEPOT

A couple of the local contractors have put in bids on the new Soo depot to be erected in this city, and two more depots that are to be erected in Minnesota. The bids must go to the main office and the contracts are let out from there.

PLOVER BOY ASSAULTS

ELEVEN-YEAR-OLD GIRL

Albert Gensensler, an 18-year-old farmer boy living eight miles southwest of Plover, has been arrested charged with the assault of 11-year-old Mildred Parsons, the act having been committed on Saturday.

The Parsons girl, in company with several other children, had gone out to pick berries and the group were approached by the Gensensler boy, who directed them further to a berry patch. He followed the children to the new location and when they had separated he attacked the child. Her screams attracted another of the group, who ran for help. The incident occurred near the Parsons home and Mr. Parsons came in time to frighten the young man away, but at that time no pursuit of the man was made. Later the sheriff was notified and in a clever piece of detective work the Gensensler boy was rounded up.

BUSINESS MAN SUGGESTS

CHANGING CITY'S NAME

One of the many objects for this association to work on for the good of business generally is the name of our city. All have experienced sad effects from the similarity with Grand Rapids in some half dozen other states.

For consideration I suggest that we change to "Wisconsin City."

Officially we could be Wisconsin City at the Rapids in Wisconsin River, state of Wisconsin.

There are many precedents for this name.

New York City, Kansas City, Missouri City, Oregon City, Iowa City, etc., all in States of the same name. I submit this for consideration of all.

T. A. Taylor, Pres.

CHAUTAUQUA CLOSING TONIGHT

The Chautauqua, which has been held opposite the Dixon Hotel for the past week, closes tonight with a lecture by Elias Evans on a musical entertainment by the Hampton Quartette. Mr. Evans is a well known lecturer who has been in the city before and is personally acquainted with a number of our people, and the Hampton Quartette are also known here, having played here on a previous occasion.

The Chautauqua was all that was advertised, namely, bigger and better than ever, and while the patronage was fair, it did not receive the support that an affair of this sort should.

The proposition has been financed the past two years by local business men who are out and guarantee its success, there being a loss to them if it did not pan out and no gain if it did, outside of the fact that it is a gain to everybody in the city to have a class of entertainments of this nature.

While it is generally admitted that we have had a little more than our share in the way of entertainments this year, this is hardly an excuse for not attending the Chautauqua. It is known some time in advance that the Chautauqua will be here, in fact, a year ahead, and the money should be set aside in advance. In further consideration of the fact that the entertainments are the best obtainable for the money it is surprising that citizens will go elsewhere on an occasion of this kind, it being supposed that they do not realize the quality of entertainments to be seen there.

However, the Chautauqua will undoubtedly be held again next year, and it is hoped that the people of Grand Rapids and vicinity will not allow an opportunity like this to slip by them as many have done, but will take a hand in the boosting and assure it of success.

LIFE

"Hobo Killed at West Salem." That was the headline over a paragraph in a neighboring paper last week following the death of an unknown man by the cars. A mutilated scrap of human being was picked up, buried in an unmarked grave, and his death chronicled as above. These are daily incidents and the busy world has scant time to give them more than a passing notice.

And yet this death at West Salem was a tragedy. Thirty years or more ago some woman suffered to bring a babe to life. A mother's lullaby soothed it in its first moments, and a mother's hand rocked it to slumber. A mother's smile greeted it as it waked with the morning sun, a mother's love went to a little boy as he crept about the home, took his first steps and later trudged to school. A mother mourned as he went out to take his place in the world and a mother's prayer went up for his guidance, safety and success.

"Hobo Killed at West Salem." Galesville Republican.

KILLED IN FALL FROM TREE

George M. D. Hubbard, one of the old residents of Stevens Point, was killed in a fall from a tree in that city on Saturday. The fall resulted in the breaking of his neck.

Hubbard attempted to cut off a tree, and when the severed section fell it started in the wrong direction. Hubbard attempted to push it the other way and a gust of wind threw the tree over his head, knocking him to the ground. He was picked up and rushed to the hospital but died before the institution could be reached.

STONE-CHRISTENSEN

Miss Besie Christensen and Peter Stone of Waukegan, Ill., were united in marriage at the Congregational Church at Waukegan Thursday. Miss Christensen is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nels Christensen of this city, and is a most estimable young lady. Mr. Stone has been a resident of this city for a number of years but recently went to Waukegan, where he held a good position with the Waukegan Gas company. They have a large circle of friends in the city who extend them the heartiest of congratulations.

LOST TO MERRILL

The Nekeosa baseball team went up to Merrill on Sunday, where they met the team of that city and were defeated by a score of 5 to 3. Both teams put up a good exhibition of ball and the game was an interesting one. Nekeosa had previously defeated the Merrill team, this making it one apiece.

COURT IN SESSION

The adjourned March session of the jury term of Circuit Court was opened on Monday at the Court House, Judge Byron B. Park, presiding. The session this term includes two jury cases and three court cases, none of which will be very large cases.

YOUNG PEOPLE WED

Pittsville Record.

Miss Lola S. Heuser and Harry W. Ames were married at Grand Rapids Monday morning. They were driven away in the Heuer car by Lindor Heuer, who with Miss Regina Haumschild, acted as bridesmaid and bridesman. The remainder of the day and the next was spent in sightseeing about Grand Rapids, and they arrived back in Pittsville yesterday in time to help celebrate the 4th at home.

The bride is the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Heuer, of this city, a bright, amiable and popular young lady, who has spent all her days in Pittsville, having been born here. She attended the Pittsville public schools and later entered the postoffice as assistant postmaster at various times and under three different reigns of postmastership. She resigned last week on account of the approaching marriage. The groom is the oldest and only son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ames, and came to Pittsville about eight years ago with his parents who until a few years ago have operated the Elm Park hotel. He graduated from the Pittsville High School four years ago and since has helped at the hotel and has been employed at the Speech Bros. creamery as buttermaker. They will go to housekeeping in the Second ward, where the Schiller home has been fitted up in nice shape to receive them, and where they will be at home to their friends hereafter. The Record joins the friends and relatives in congratulations.

CHILD KILLED IN AUTO CRASH

Merrill, Wis., July 9.—A child was killed and two men injured in an unusual automobile accident near here today. The engine of the machine "died" on a steep hill south of Irma, the brakes failed to work and the machine sped down the hill and over a steep embankment.

Margaret Elsen, daughter of Albert Elsen of Grand Rapids, Mich., was crushed to death. Her father escaped injury. Barney Guerin, whose home is in the town of Rock Falls, chairman of the Rock Falls town sustained concussion of the brain and internal injuries. Leslie Willett, board, who was driving the car, received a fracture of the right hip.

Elsen is a son-in-law of Willett and was visiting the latter's home on the Grandfather road, between Merrill and Irma. The party was going to Irma to call on friends.

DEATH OF WM. HAMBRECHT.

William Hambrecht, father of Geo. P. Hambrecht, died suddenly at his home in Madison, on Monday, death being caused by hardening of the arteries.

Mr. Hambrecht has made his home with his son for a number of years past and when they moved from this city to Madison he accompanied them there. Mr. Hambrecht had suffered no illness before death, having been found dead in bed, and apparently suffered no pain. Deceased had made his home in Lake Geneva previous to his removal to this city and had a number of friends throughout the state who will be sorry to hear of his sudden departure. The funeral was held in Madison Wednesday morning.

INDIANS HELD POW WOV

Central Wisconsin Indians have been in session at their semi-annual powwow the past few days at Skunk Hill and the eight has been one that is well worth seeing for anyone that is not familiar with their antics.

The big dance started at sunset on Monday evening and continued until sunrise this morning. The performance being a continuous one. When any dancer becomes exhausted he drops to the ground and his place is taken by one who is fresh. Chief White is one of the leaders in this section and it is near his farm that the meeting is being held.

SPRINKLING NOTICE

Owing to the shortage of water, all water users are forbidden to use water for sprinkling purposes except between the hours of seven and eight in the evening.

Sprinkling of streets with hose will not be tolerated.

The above will be in effect until further notice.

Electric and Water Commission. By C. P. Gross, Sup't.

ADVERTISED MAIL

Following is a list of advertised mail at Grand Rapids, Wis., July 10, 1916:

Ladies—Mrs. Bertha Hillmer, Mrs. Henry Moel, Miss Pearl Samulson, Martha Zuehlke.

Gentlemen—Mr. George P. Douglas, Mr. Tony Fryar, Mr. Bob M. Hall, Mr. Charles Newton, Ray Phelps, Rev. W. Pinckney, Mr. Martin Schank.

KELLNER

Those who attended the Christian Endeavor convention at Appleton from the Kellner society were: Siegfried Kenney, Gustave Hjerstedt, Gilbert Young, Crystal and Gladys Munroe. They returned last Monday and reported a good time.

Elmer Hjerstedt of your city spent a day at home last week.

Miss Edith Sager, who is working in your city, spent the Fourth at home.

Sig. Hjerstedt and Miss Thille Anderson returned to Chicago after spending two weeks at the C. E. Hjerstedt home.

Mrs. Wm. Witt entertained company from Wild Rose to first part of the week.

Mrs. Nick Rosenthal is entertaining her parents from near Stevens Point.

George Smith has rented the N. Rosenthal saloon for the coming year.

John Dhene and family and Mr. and Mrs. F. Knoll spent the Fourth at Vesper.

There will be an ice cream social at the Kellner Moravian Church the 21st of July. Everybody is welcome.

Anna Kedrowski and her cousins of Milwaukee are visiting at the Kedrowski home.

Al. Beitzel and father and mother are visiting at the home of Fred Gussel.

Rev. S. Ratke went to Milwaukee, where he will attend a convention that is being held there.

Mrs. Shearland is entertaining her sister and husband of Milwaukee.

Miss Helen Rouzy is visiting at the John Dhene home this week.

Mrs. Christ. Brandt is entertaining her sister and son from up near Vesper.

Miss Ellen Hjerstedt is in your city spending a few days at the Ed Johnson home.

LUTHERAN SOCIETIES OF

STATE IN SESSION HERE

The Young Peoples' Societies of the Ogemia District Lutheran League were in session in this city on Saturday, Sunday and Monday of the past week and the meetings were pronounced to be unusually good ones.

The Ogemia district includes most of the northern cities of the state and a number of the Michigan cities and the attendance at the annual convention usually runs up to about one hundred delegates. The convention this year included about every city in the district was represented.

The program on Saturday was featured by a business session in the afternoon and followed in the evening by a meeting at the Methodist church, in which the delegates took part. Sunday's program was carried out at the Bethania church in Sigel and in the morning the convention sermon was preached by Rev. Silfversten of Rhineland. The Reverends G. A. Ekeberg, G. L. Wilsey and G. H. Bongren also took an active part in the morning session. The afternoon and evening sessions were given over to the talks, vocal solos, speeches by the delegates and some very interesting meetings were enjoyed.

On Monday the business was concluded and representatives and delegates joined in a picnic at the Lake Byron club, up river, at which a very enjoyable time was had. The delegates and officers in charge report that they were well pleased with the gathering this year and the fraternal spirit in this city, all of which means that Grand Rapids is a little better known than it previously was.

TEACHERS FOR COMING YEAR.

Following is a list of the teachers who will teach in our public schools the coming year. The location of the teachers has not been decided and started a search about the location of the teachers will be announced at a later date.

Grade teachers—Loretta Boursier, Lulu Campion, Harriet E. Dietz, principal of Edison school; Ruth Emmmons, principal of Emerson school; Esther Gill, Elizabeth Gonia, Lucile Graves, Maude Griffith, Blanche Hays, Ida Hayes, Ida Hayward, principal of Lowell school; Ruth Horton, Martha Johnson, Marie Looze, Eliza Montgomery, Grace Morgan, Agnes Morrissey, Clara Mueller, Mrs. Kirk Muller, Flori Oster, Gladys Phelps, Rena Phillo, Belle Quinn, Frances Rector, Paula Rees, principal of Irving school; Inez Reiche, principal of Howe school; Ada Schaeffer, Florence Solway, Mildred Tarrant.

List of teachers engaged for the public schools of the city for 1916-1917:

High School and Eighth Grade—Wm. H. Belmont, A. Chandler, Ellen Doherty, Cyril Gardner, Florence M. Hagen, Evelyn B. Hall, Mae R. Hardie, Emma Haywood, Emma Eustice, Cornelia Karow, H. F. Kell, Myrtice K. Kittle, Ella Langenberg, Purle F. Lantz, Rachel Macomber, Martha Murray, Alice M. Reynolds, Emma Rogers, Beulah N. Starnes, Eugene A. Stinebaugh, B. W. Wells.

High School and Continuation School—Guy J. Ehart, Mary L. Holmes, Raymond L. Kittell, Lotta M. Lower.

Continuation School—E. L. Hayward, Mrs. Eva V. Jeffers.

FRANK-PUTZIER

Miss Viola Frank and William Putzier, both of this city, were married this morning at the West Side Lutheran Church, Rev. Wm. Nommensen performing the ceremony that made them man and wife. They were attended by Miss Elsie Ranthum as bridesmaid, and Edward Frank, a brother of the bride, as groomsmen, while Miss Meta Seehagen, Ernest Stocker, George Gaedke and Paul Frank also attended the young couple.

The young couple leave today for their wedding trip and upon their return will make their home in the city. They are both well known in this city, the bride being the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Frank, and is a popular young lady, while the groom is an industrious young man of good habits. The couple have a large circle of friends in the city who will unite with the Tribune in wishing them a long and happy wedded life.

SCENARIO IS ACCEPTED

The scenario contest which was conducted among the residents of this city with the view of obtaining a play to stage with local players resulted in the selection of the play written by Miss Katherine Gibson. The play includes most of the points of public interest in the city, among them is the Consolidated mill, the depots, swimming pool, etc. The players will be selected at the time of the arrival of the company in the city and the scenario will be also the judges of the scenarios submitted. Miss Gibson not only wins a prize of \$10 for having her play selected but also has the honor of winning from a large field of contestants.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Following are the marriage licenses which have been issued at the Court House the past week:

Rose Metzger, city, and Alex. A. Woodward, Madison.

Viola Frank and Will Putzier, both of this city.

John Debeve of Lorain, Ohio, and Nettie Stover of Pittsville.

Thos. D. Hefko, Marshfield, and Mable Hood, Marshfield.

Walter Zeaman and Helen Petrick, both of this city.

ATTENTION POULTRY RAISERS!

On July 26 we will load a car of live poultry at our cold-storage plant located on the West Side market square.

Bring us your old hens, ducks, geese, turkeys and springs and we will pay you the best possible market price on that day.

Drop us a line or stop in and see us when in Grand Rapids and let us know how many we can expect from you.

MOTT & WOODCO.

BIG FIRE AT WAUSAU

The sawmill, planning mill and drying sheds of the Mohr Lumber Company at Wausau were destroyed by fire on Monday, the origin of the flames supposedly being from an explosion in one of the plants. The loss suffered by the Mohr company will amount to about \$90,000, while the Underwood-Yenue company lost about \$10,000 in logs. The loss is covered by \$85,000 insurance.

ENDS LIFE BY

TAKING PARIS GREEN

Mrs. Anna Bergmann, a widow 52 years of age, died on Monday afternoon after taking Paris green, the poison causing death a few hours after taking it.

Mrs. Bergmann lived with her brother, Frank Molinski, a short distance out of the city on the Sigel road, and on the day of the suicide seemed to be in her usual frame of mind. Mr. Molinski left the house for work in the morning and his wife also left early to go picking blueberries some distance from the house. Mrs. Bergmann was last seen about 11 o'clock, when she was about the house, apparently contemplating no rash act, but when Mr. Molinski returned at noon no trace could be found of her.

He immediately became suspicious that everything was not just right and started a search about the place. A thorough investigation of the house was made and she was discovered in the attic in a very weakened condition. Medical assistance was called immediately and although every effort was made to save the woman's life she died later in the afternoon.

Sheriff Bluest and District Attorney Roberts investigated the case in the afternoon and obtained a statement from the woman to the effect that she had taken the poison when there was no one about, her only excuse for the act being that she was tired of life. Mrs. Bergmann had made other attempts to end her life and on a couple of occasions had gone over to the river with the intention of committing suicide, but had been dissuaded and had later promised not to attempt anything of that sort again.

Mrs. Bergmann is survived by her mother and two brothers, one being Mr. Molinski and the other brother and her mother being located in the old country. The funeral was held at Nekeosa on Tuesday, interment being made in the cemetery there.

LIKE DELIVERY SYSTEM

The DePere merchants, who have been operating under a cooperative delivery system for some time past, give out some interesting statistics on the subject. The merchants there, as well as in several other cities seem well pleased with the system and Grand Rapids merchants might look into the matter to their advantage. The following is what the DePere News says on the matter:

"Manager John McHugh of the DePere Delivery Company has prepared an interesting report to be presented at the annual meeting of the company to be held soon. The company began business June 1, 1915. Up to June 1 of this year it had made a total of 190,000 deliveries, each presenting an order. Figuring four packages to an order the company handled 760,000 packages. The greatest number of deliveries in any one day amounted to 1,200 the day before Christmas. The average number of deliveries per day was 512. The number of miles covered by the horses on each route was 20 miles a day. There are six routes and five deliveries are made every day except Sundays.

Charles P. Jackson went to Fond Du Lac one day last week and addressed a meeting of business men there, after which they decided to organize a delivery company in Fond du Lac after the plan of the DePere company. Mr. Jackson explained the workings of the system and answered many questions by the business men."

POSTAL GUIDES REDUCED

Announcement has been made of the reduction in the price of Postal Guides, which have heretofore sold in two forms, one bound in cloth at \$3.50, and \$3.00 for the paper bound type. Under the new system the guides will be offered to the public at 40c for the cloth bound volume and 30c for the paper bound. This price is the bare cost of printing and binding, and when the value of the guide is taken into consideration it is probable that a number will be sold. The guide contains instructions to postal employees, rulings of the department, list of post offices, arranged alphabetically, a list of post offices discontinued during the past three years and several other sections of valuable information. A sample of the guide may be seen at the postoffice.

SHOOTERS MET SUNDAY

Several of the local shooters went down to the shooting park on Sunday and proceeded to get in trim for the opening of the season this fall. In spite of the fact that there was a small attendance and that the boys are not in the best of practice, some shooting was done. Following are the scores:

J. J. Jeffrey.....24
L. M. Nash.....21
John Robidou.....21
F. Westfall.....21
John Smith.....16
Ray Johnson.....10

The shooting was held every Sunday morning at the park from now until the opening of the season in September.

LOST TO CLINTONVILLE

The Grand Rapids baseball team lost the first game of the season on Sunday when they went down to defeat at the hands of the fast Clintonville team, the score being 9 to 1. The game was a fast one, Grand Rapids scoring in the second inning when Gustin ran in from first on an error. Clintonville came back in the third and scored three runs on errors and the rest of the game resulted in neither side scoring. Devlin struck out six and allowed six hits, while the Clintonville artist held the locals to three hits and also struck out six. Grand Rapids has won nine out of ten games played and next Sunday meet the crack Mosinee team.

NECEDAH WILL INCORPORATE

Necedah, which has never been actually incorporated as a village, is being boosted by several of the residents for incorporation and the indications are that they will soon be lined up and ready to take out their papers. The census was taken of the place last week and showed that there were 1,024 people residing there, which is about the same number as was found at the time of the 1910 census.

BIRTHS

To Mr. and Mrs. Louis Joseph, a ten-pound girl.

EMPIRE BUILDER HAS HIS

HOME IN MILWAUKEE

Following is a clipping taken from the Milwaukee Sentinel of recent date which gives an insight into the work being done by Cal C. W. Mott, father of R. J. Mott of this city, who is interested in development work on the Upper Peninsula of Michigan.

Cal C. W. Mott, the man who put Takima Valley, Washington, on the map, and who put the "clover" in Cloverland, the upper peninsula of Michigan, has resigned his position as manager of the Upper Peninsula Development bureau and is back at his old home in Milwaukee just to enjoy himself for awhile. When asked if he intended to retire from active life with his present laurels, Mr. Mott said, "I never retire from anything."

Altho Mr. Mott has had many years of active life, he is as vigorous as he was when he first began his career. As for then "retiring," he said, "I never retire from anything."

When Mr. Mott was general manager of the Northern Pacific railway he saw possibilities in that section of Washington now known the world over as Yakima Valley. He went there, studied the conditions and concluded that fruit and alfalfa could best be raised. When Mr. Mott saw possibilities in that part of Washington 100 miles long and twenty miles wide, it was mainly set by only 3,000 souls, but when he left, after living twenty years in service, its population had advanced to 55,000 people and the name of Yakima valley was on the lips of thousands in all sections of the country. During the last year of Mr. Mott's "reign" \$20,000,000 worth of fruit and alfalfa were sold.

Mr. Mott then turned his attention to the undeveloped northwestern peninsula and finally located in the upper peninsula of Michigan, where he became secretary and manager of the Upper Peninsula Development bureau. The country was new and practically the only industry followed was lumbering and mining. But Mr. Mott was undaunted by the almost overwhelming obstacles and immediately set to work. He decided after an investigation, that the country was particularly adapted to clover and potatoes, so he called this country Cloverland. On huge posters found in every section of the United States were found these words: "Cloverland, Where is Cloverland? It is the Upper Peninsula of Michigan!"

As a result of this extensive advertising campaign thousands of farmers went to the top of the state to the upper peninsula of Michigan to note for the splendid quality of its potatoes, and it is coming to be recognized as one of the lands of real opportunity as a stock raising district. Clover is grown there with but little exertion.

In Cleveland today there are 7,652 schools, an increase of 15 per cent in four years. In the last decade of time 4,400 families were brought into the district, 389,650 acres were sold for farming purposes and 600,000 for lumbering purposes. "The cutting of the timber means an agricultural district," said Mr. Mott.

Cleveland has spent \$2,000,000 for good roads and prizes itself upon the quality of those that have been constructed. All of this development may be attributed to the untiring and faithful efforts of Mr. Mott.

When asked how one would go about it to "make" a country, Mr. Mott said: "The prosperity of a country depends upon the reliability of those who own the land and their appreciation of its agricultural possibilities."

DEATH OF MRS. A. W. RUMSEY

Mrs. Mary Purdy Ramsey died on Wednesday last at the Riverview hospital, following an illness of several weeks, death being caused from cancer of the stomach.

Mrs. Rumsey was an old resident of this city, having been born here in 1857. She was reared and educated in this city. In 188

A "Lemon" for the Lawyers

Stories of the Greatest Cases in the Career of Thomas Furlong, the Famous Railroad Detective, Told by Himself

Copyright by W. G. Chapman



"WE SHALL BE WILLING TO PAY YOU A FEE OF TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS."

One of the cases to which I look back with the greatest satisfaction was that of the Miles will. There is a common impression that the private detective is not an over-enthusiastic person. In this case I had the pleasure of co-operating with one of my operatives who had been offered what was to him, a small fortune to commit a dishonest act, and who, instead, rejected the bribe and was the means of confounding the conspirators.

In the latter part of the nineties Stephen B. Miles, a wealthy resident of Nebraska, died, leaving an estate consisting of lands in Nebraska and Kansas, bank stock and bonds, and other property, the whole valued at several millions of dollars. He was survived by a wife, from whom he had been divorced; two sons, Joseph H. Miles and Samuel, and a daughter, as well as a number of nephews and nieces and several grandchildren.

One of the sons, Joseph, was a prominent banker and business man of Falls City, Neb., and also had large interests in other towns in that state. He had been a telegraph operator in his younger days, and had amassed his money by honesty and industry, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him as a clean, wide-awake business man and a good citizen.

The other son, Samuel, was about forty years of age, and resided with his family on a ranch belonging to his father in Kansas, just over the Nebraska line. He had been wild in his younger days, and had caused his father a good deal of trouble on account of his dissolute habits.

Shortly after the death of Stephen B. Miles a will was found in an old case, the provisions of which made the son Joseph executor and trustee of the estate and chief beneficiary. Samuel being left, in addition to a sum of money, a life interest in the ranch on which he and his family were living. After his death and that of his wife the property was to pass to their children. The will also provided that Samuel could neither entail nor dispose of the land.

These provisions were, of course, highly unsatisfactory to the son Samuel, and he put the matter in the hands of a lawyer, at whose suggestion he began court proceedings, to prevent the probating of the will. Not succeeding in this, he afterward brought suit to have the will set aside.

About this time I had in my service a man named D. F. Harbaugh, of whom I have made mention in previous cases. This man, who was a trusted employee of mine, had become well known and had gained considerable notoriety in and about Kansas City on account of cases on which he had worked under my instructions. One day Harbaugh was approached in Kansas City by the lawyers who had been engaged by Samuel Miles to break the will. The proposition which they made to him was that he should find a man whose former reputation had been good, and who would be willing to go on the witness stand and testify to having drawn up and witnessed a will made by the elder Miles while he was on one of the frequent visits to St. Louis that he had been accustomed to make. During the course of the conversation the lawyer told Harbaugh all about the conspiracy that had been formed to break the will by "fixing" a later one, and gave the

names of all who were connected with the scheme. One of these men was a prominent lawyer in Falls City, Neb. Another was a man of considerable prominence in Omaha, having a big political pull throughout the state. Still another was at that time in good standing at the St. Louis bar.

"What will it be worth?" inquired Harbaugh.

"We shall be willing to pay you a fee of ten thousand dollars as soon as the will is broken," the lawyer answered. "Furthermore, we will send you to the Paris exposition, paying your fare and all expenses up to the value of \$50,000."

"Well," answered Harbaugh thoughtfully, "you'll have to give me a few days to think the proposition over. It's too big a thing for me to decide offhand."

The lawyer agreed to that, and Harbaugh left that evening for St. Louis, where, the next morning, he came to me and told me of the proposal which had been made to him, asking me what I thought he had better do about it.

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A "Lemon" for the Lawyers

Stories of the Greatest Cases in the Career of Thomas Furlong, the Famous Railroad Detective, Told by Himself

Copyright by W. G. Chapman



"WE SHALL BE WILLING TO PAY YOU A FEE OF TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS."

One of the cases to which I look back with the greatest satisfaction was that of the Miles will. There is a common impression that the private detective is not an over-ambitious person. In this case I had the pleasure of co-operating with one of my operators who had been offered what was to him, a small fortune to commit a dishonest act, and who, instead, rejected the bribe and was the means of confounding the conspirators.

In the latter part of the nineties Stephen B. Miles, a wealthy resident of Nebraska, died, leaving an estate consisting of lands in Nebraska and Kansas, bank stock and bonds, and other property, the whole valued at several millions of dollars. He was survived by a wife, from whom he had been divorced; two sons, Joseph H. Miles and Samuel, and a daughter, as well as a number of nephews and nieces and several grandchildren.

One of the sons, Joseph, was a prominent banker and business man of Falls City, Neb., and also had large interests in other towns in that state. He had been a telegraph operator in his younger days, and had amassed his money by honesty and industry, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him as a clean, reliable business man and a good citizen.

The other son, Samuel, was about forty years of age, and resided with his family on a ranch belonging to his father in Kansas. Just over the Nebraska line. He had been wild in his younger days, and had caused his father a good deal of trouble on account of his dissolute habits.

Shortly after the death of Stephen B. Miles a will was found in an old suit case, the provisions of which made the son Joseph executor and trustee of the estate and chief beneficiary. Samuel being left, in addition to a sum of money, a life interest in the ranch on which he and his family were living. After his death and that of his wife the property was to pass to their children.

"The will also provided that Samuel could neither entail nor dispose of the land.

These provisions were, of course, highly unsatisfactory to the son Samuel, and he put the matter in the hands of a lawyer, at whose suggestion he began court proceedings, to prevent the probating of the will. Not succeeding in this, he afterward brought suit to have the will set aside.

About this time I had in my service a man named D. P. Harbaugh, of whom I have made mention in previous cases. This man, who was a trusted employee of mine, had become well known and had attained considerable notoriety in and about Kansas City on account of cases on which he had worked under my instructions. One day Harbaugh was approached in Kansas City by the lawyers who had been engaged by Samuel Miles to break the will. The proposition which they made to him was that he should find a man whose former reputation had been good, and who would be willing to go on the witness stand and testify to having drawn up and witnessed a will made by the old Miles while he was on one of the frequent visits to St. Louis that he had been accustomed to make. During the course of the conversation the lawyer told Harbaugh all about the conspiracy that had been formed to break the will by "Anding" a later one, and gave the

names of all who were connected with the scheme. One of these men was a prominent lawyer in Falls City, Neb. Another was a man of considerable prominence in Omaha, having a big political pull throughout the state. Still another was at that time in good standing at the St. Louis bar.

"What will it be worth?" inquired Harbaugh.

"We shall be willing to pay you a fee of ten thousand dollars as soon as the will is broken," the lawyer answered. "Furthermore, we will send you to the Paris exposition, paying your fare and all expenses up to the value of \$5,000."

"Well," answered Harbaugh thoughtfully, "you'll have to give me a few days to think the proposition over. It's too big a thing for me to decide offhand."

"The lawyer agreed to that, and Harbaugh left that evening for St. Louis, where, the next morning, he came to me and told me of the proposal which had been made to him, asking me what I thought he had better do about it.

"There seems to me to be only two things that can be done in this matter," I answered. "One is for you to ignore the proposition completely, as there can be no doubt of the reality of all the parties who are in any way connected with the scheme. The other, and in my opinion, the right thing to do is to try and locate this man Joseph H. Miles, and apprise him of the conspiracy that is being worked up by these lawyers and his own brother. If we keep quiet and ignore the matter, they will, in all probability, secure a man who will accept the proposition, and we would be parties to this conspiracy because we failed to expose it."

"Well," answered Harbaugh, "you are the boss, and it is up to you. I have told you all I know about the matter. I said this lawyer that his proposition was a very important one, and that I should require a few days to think it over. He approves of this and expects an answer from me in about a week's time."

I at once set to work to locate Joseph H. Miles, and succeeded after the lapse of about twelve hours. I found that he lived at Falls City, as I have said, and that he was president of the First National bank in that place. He had a bank in another Nebraska city and a large interest in a bank at York, Pa. He was very well known and much esteemed. After locating him I wrote him a letter, which ran, as nearly as I can recall, as follows:

"Mr. Joseph H. Miles,

"Falls City, Neb.

"Dear Sir: If you are the son of the late Stephen B. Miles, and have a brother by the name of Samuel Miles, and a number of nephews and nieces who reside in Kansas and Nebraska, I have important information for you, and will impart it personally, if you will come to St. Louis.

"I would suggest that you bring your lawyer, as I believe my information important enough to justify you in so doing.

"On receipt of this I wish that you would telegraph me, stating when you will leave Falls City, and at what time you will arrive in St. Louis. On arriving at St. Louis, go to the Planters' hotel, look at the register, where you will find my name, and you can then

come direct to my room, where I will be waiting for you and your attorney. "I am using a fictitious name, for reasons that I will explain to you when I see you. Yours very truly."

On receipt of this letter from me, Mr. Miles at once telegraphed that he would leave Falls City the same evening, arriving at St. Louis the following morning, via the Burlington route, and that he would carry out the instructions which I had given him.

I went to the Planters' hotel that evening, registered under the assumed name which I had given in my letter, and was assigned to a room on the fourth floor.

The next morning about eight o'clock Mr. Joseph H. Miles, accompanied by his lawyers, Ex-Judge Gillespie of Falls City, and Ex-Judge Martin of the same place, and the latter's son, who was a stenographer, arrived at the hotel. After we had all been mutually introduced I began by saying:

"Gentlemen, my name is Thomas Furlong, and I used a fictitious name in writing to Mr. Miles because my name and business are known to a great many people in Nebraska. A certain person who is connected with what I know to be a conspiracy against Mr. Miles resides in Falls City, of which he is an old inhabitant, and he would probably know my name if he heard it. As I did not know but that he might be connected with or know people in the telegraph office and would thus learn that I had communicated with Mr. Miles, I deemed it advisable not to use my own name. Now, I wish that you would call on any of the general managers of any of the railroads that enter St. Louis, or the president of any bank in the city whom you may know, and ask them as to my character and standing."

"Does Mr. William Nickelson know you?" asked Mr. Joseph H. Miles.

"He knows me very well," I answered.

"Mr. Nickelson is my correspondent here," said Mr. Miles, "and has charge of more than a million dollars of our estate."

We walked over to Mr. Nickelson's bank and Mr. Miles entered the private office, leaving me standing in the passage outside. As he entered the office he left the door open. Mr. Nickelson arose and greeted him, at the same time speaking to me. After the greeting, Mr. Miles said to Mr. Nickelson:

"I see that you know Mr. Furlong."

"Yes," replied Mr. Nickelson, "I have known Tom for years, and he is well known to anything I have."

"Mr. Furlong told me that you knew him," said Mr. Miles, "and he insisted on my coming down here and asking you about his standing in St. Louis."

After a little further conversation, Mr. Miles shook hands with Mr. Nickelson, and we returned to my room at the Planters' hotel, where Judges Martin and Gillespie and the stenographer were awaiting us. I then related in detail the story that had been told me by Harbaugh. After I had completed the narrative, all of which was taken down in shorthand by the stenographer, the younger Mr. Martin, Harbaugh, was sent for, and he verified the statements which I had made. The conference was then adjourned for luncheon.

At two o'clock, when the party reassembled in my room, Judge Martin said:

"We have been considering this statement of yours, Mr. Furlong. We have known for some time that these lawyers whom you have named were trying to make trouble for us, but we did not know until you told us today just what they intended to do, and now I want to say that Mr. Miles and I most appreciate what you have done in this matter so far, and we are anxious for your opinion as to what you think is the best way to proceed."

Of course, I had been considering that point for some time, and I replied:

"I believe that the best way to proceed would be for Harbaugh to go to the lawyer in Kansas City and tell him that he will accept his proposition."

"I had previously requested Mr. Miles' attorneys to let the St. Louis lawyer do all the questioning and examining, and not to object to any question that he might put to the witness, unless it was entirely out of reason. Therefore they merely sat still, carefully noting everything and objecting to nothing."

Of course, the conspirators were anxious to get a strong deposition from the witness, and, therefore, he permitted to describe the man Miles, for whom he was supposed to have written the will. His description of the dead man was perfect, and the St. Louis lawyer kept nodding his head jubilantly. When the witness had finished his description of the late Mr. Stephen B. Miles, or the man that he had just described, I was instructed to give the description that I have given here by these lawyers—pointing to the St. Louis and Kansas City lawyers, both of whom were present—"and I was expected by them to testify that I had written this will, and I was promised five thousand dollars if I would do so."

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WHY WOMEN WRITE LETTERS

To Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

Women who are well often ask "Are the letters which the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?" "Why do women write such letters?"

In answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never knowingly, have we published an untruthful letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and suffering.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who

has never suffered from these troubles, to realize how poor, suffering women feel when restored to health.

Help other women who are suffering as they did.

HOYT'S HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA COLOGNE

A refreshing and refreshing remedy that quickly relieves all forms of headache, neuralgia, toothache, rheumatism, etc., and is of great value in all cases of these troubles.

DAISY FLY KILLER

It is a powerful and effective remedy for the destruction of all flies, including house flies, stable flies, and all other annoying insects.

GAL STONES FREE

Send for our free booklet, "How to Get Rid of Gal Stones," which contains full instructions for the removal of all gall stones without surgery.

It is a simple and effective method, and is of great value to all who suffer from this trouble.

One evening, just before his first case, he approached the manager.

"I say, I'm afraid I won't be able to answer today," he said.

"Why not?" was the matter question.

"I'm a bit of a duffer," he said.

"Then, for goodness' sake go on now," yelled the manager. "I'll be the first time you've been funny since you joined this gang."

FRECKLES

There is no time to fret over these little spots. They are the result of a lack of proper care of the skin.

Use our "Freckle Remover" and you will be free of them in a short time.

It is a simple and effective method, and is of great value to all who suffer from this trouble.

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CANADA'S EXCELLENT FINANCIAL STANDING

Bank Clearings Increase—Agriculture Is a Paying Industry—Manufactures—Doing Well.

"Business experts assert that Canada is on the threshold of perhaps the most prosperous era in her history. The unprecedented volume of the farm products of 1915, together with the very large output of factories working on munitions of war has suddenly brought the country into a position as a nation for years to come. Export surplus of \$50,000,000 a month is making Canada very strong in cash."

—Extract from official bulletin of February 11, 1916.

The response by the farmers of Canada to the call for increased production in 1915 was a local net output exceeding one billion dollars, an increase over normal years of at least three hundred millions. The three Prairie Provinces contributed probably nearly one-half of the total product.

The wheat crop was worth \$310,000,000 and accounted for about 30 per cent of the total agricultural product. The other crops followed in order of value: barley, oats, and corn. Look at the following figures: The total wheat production was increased 20 per cent, and prices were over 10 per cent ahead of 1914. Other provinces shared in the increase, especially Alberta, Saskatchewan, Quebec and Nova Scotia. The dairy cows were "on the job" in 1915. So also were the beef cattle, the pigs and the hogs.

It is not fair to the farmers of the Prairies to call the wheat crop of 1915 a "miracle" crop. The farmers cultivated more land and gave attention to their seed. Providence gave them favorable weather. Then they toiled early and late in the harvesting and threshing. Good cultivation gave big crop yields than in any year. 45 bushels as against 25.

The wealth of Western Canada is by no means all in its wheat crop. If the country had no wheat at all it would still be famous as a land of successful farmers on account of its stock production. From one shipping point (High River, Alberta) over \$700,000 worth of horses have been sold in the last two months. The average price to the farmer has been about \$175.00 per head. According to Government returns there are a million and a half horses in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, worth probably \$150,000,000.

The investments which farmers of Western Canada are making in livestock and farm improvements are good evidence of the fact that they have money for these purposes. It is apparent, however, that they are also spending some of their profits on these things which will bring greater comfort and enjoyment to themselves, their wives and their families. The automobile trade all through the country is particularly active, and farmers are the biggest buyers. A recent report of the Saskatchewan district shows that in two months a million dollars' worth of automobiles have been sold, largely to farmers. Not all of these cars are of the cheap variety, but many are of the high-grade machines in demand.

Bank clearings throughout the Western Provinces show greater commercial activity than at the same season in 1914 or 1913. The increase for the last week of February being \$8,000,000 and almost \$9,000,000, respectively, for the first week of March \$15,000,000 and \$18,000,000, respectively. The same excellent story comes from Moose Jaw, Sask., where they showed from 40 to 100 per cent over the previous year. Calgary, Alta., bank clearings continue to reflect the greatly improved business conditions as compared with a year ago. Canada's bank clearings for the month of February, 1916, were the greatest for any February in the country's history. The totals amounted to \$694,222,000.00, as compared with \$487,206,000.00 for the same month a year ago. An increase of \$177,000,000 in bank clearings for the month tells its own story of the country's prosperity.—Advertiser.

Genuine Eloquence.

There are no people in the world with whom eloquence is so universal as with the Irish. When Leigh Ritchie was traveling in Ireland, he passed a man who was a painful spectacle of pallor, squalor and raggedness. His heart smote him and he turned back.

"If you are in want," said Ritchie, "why don't you beg?"

"Surely it's better to ask, yer Honor," said the man.

"Of course not, yer Honor, but see how the skin is spalling through me trousers and the bones cryin' out through me skin! Look at me sunken cheeks, and the famine that's starvin' me eyes! Man alive, isn't it beginnin' to be a bit of a nuisance?"

Accounting for it.

"I know a man who had a hundred certain calls in a week."

"I suppose he is a matinee idol."

"No; he was a house furnisher."

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BETTER THAN ANY POCKETS

For Absolute Safety, the Old Lady's Plan Was Pretty Well Perfect.

It was in the Pennsylvania depot at Jersey City. A man who had been half asleep on one of the benches for some time suddenly roused up, carried his hand to the breast pocket of his coat and then called out:

"I have been robbed! Someone has picked my pocket!"

"Have much money?" asked an old lady who sat near him.

"Over \$40."

"Sakes alive! but what a loss. Sure you had it when you left home?"

"Of course I am."

"Didn't leave it under your pillow, or change your coat?"

"No!"

"I noticed you feeling around your coat before you went to sleep. Better look back there before you get up."

He carried his hand back, and ten seconds later held his lost wallet up to sight. He began to apologize and stammer, but the old lady threw up her hands and checked him with:

"Young man, you ought to be more careful! That money of yours is of great value to you, and it would have been a nice thing for my church folks to have it. You had it when you left home, didn't you?"

"Oh, I shouldn't have accused you, ma'am," protested the man.

"Well, I'm glad on it, and being as this excitement has come up about picking pockets I guess I'll see if my money and ticket is safe."

And she reached down, slipped off a calfskin shoe from her right foot, and peered intently into it, with the remark:

"There's a ticket and there's a dollar bill, and I have been robbed. Just try it, young man. Be careful! You don't want to get into a hole. Got to stand up on your head to get it, and every time you act your foot down you know it's there. I've carried \$17 all over New York that way, and get out alive and safe."

Labor Will Be Scarcer.

An investigation made by some of the railroad men of the country indicated that 600,000 foreign-born persons would return to Europe immediately after the war, for various reasons. Friends and relatives have been devastated. There has been no communication between millions of families for over a year. Other evidence indicates that some of the war-torn countries are planning a campaign upon America for the purpose of inducing able-bodied men to return to their native lands to aid in the rebuilding process. They want men, and they want the accumulated capital which these men will bring back with them; and 200,000 men with \$500,000,000 would mean an addition to the capital resources of Europe of \$100,000,000. It is probable that great stretches of Europe now divided into great feudal estates will be broken up into small holdings, to be sold to natives and returned foreign-born from America as small farms. For many nobles of central Europe have been killed. Many are now being held in prison. The shortage of labor will make it difficult for them to work their estates. It is not impossible that the United States may be a country from which the able-bodied will emigrate, rather than a country into which they will immigrate. This, of course, is a matter of speculation. It will depend upon industrial conditions in Europe on one hand, and industrial conditions in America on the other. Adding to this is the pending legislation at Washington, which may restrict immigration by means of the literacy test and other limitations upon the number of incoming aliens.—Engineering Magazine.

Making Gunpowder.

A process has been devised by the use of which gunpowder and other high explosives can be manufactured aboard a railway train in motion. The machinery includes device for performing all the essential operations of powder making, from the first comminution of the ingredients to the final pressing of the finished product. The machinery is so arranged that it will operate on any kind of railway track, and is so designed that it will be able to handle any quantity of material. The process is a simple one, and is of great value to all who suffer from this trouble.

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The High Sign

By Alvah Jordan Garth

(Copyright, 1916, by W. G. Chapman.)

"It isn't fair—I won't! You shan't!"

"This done—it was a square forfeit and I won!"

Smack! Slap!

With lightninglike rapidity two echoing sounds intruded on the still garden air. One was caused by a kiss—boisterous, triumphant and boyish. The other was the result of a swift, swinging blow from the nut-brown hand of Eugenia Ray.

Walter Ross fairly staggered under the stinging contact. He had not believed that one set of soft dainty fingers could administer such a bewilderingly stunning retort. His cheek flamed and smarted. He was a mere youth and his anger flashed forth. His eyes scintillated. Oh, if she were a boy!

"I'm sorry—I'm sorry!" tumultuously gasped Eugenia, ashamed of red lips, as she noted the red line across the cheek of the manly young fellow with whom she had had so many jolly, friendly times.

"You'll be sorry!" declared Walter, almost furiously. "Not that I care for the kiss—oh, no! It was the game, and fair square—you owed the penalty. Do you suppose the other girls fared up and acted like brutes?"

The implication turned Eugenia flaming red. She clutched her tiny fists and stamped her shapely foot.

"You ran after me fast enough to care for something!" she cried.

"Neither you value the kiss or not, it's your last. I'll forgive it this time."

"You'll go farther than that," insisted Walter. "You'll kiss the spot you struck so cruelly before we are friends again."

"I?" exclaimed Eugenia, almost shrilly. "I? Oh, never! If you were the last man in the world—if it would

save your life—much as I—oh, you despise you!"

And, a girlish volcano of irrepressible emotion, Eugenia Ray, bursting into tears, dashed from the spot.

Two days later Walter returned, volatile friend, but he never let her know that when they met a year later. He was the young gentleman quite and true, as in long dresses. They were courteous, even friendly, but many a time that stirring garden episode recurred to the mind of Walter, and from behind lowered lashes Eugenia studied this handsome, self-possessed young man and wondered why she felt that there was a vague barrier between them.

There was another year during which they did not meet. Judge Ray wondered why his daughter exhibited no marked preference for any especial one of her numerous suitors. Walter kept away from the feminine element. He told himself that his professional career was responsible for this, which was partly true. Walter had worked hard and had started in at the lay in der plants less liable to destruction in time of war than is the case at present. It also will be possible to manufacture explosives in the very train that is carrying them to the front.

Turned Around.

Things are not always what they seem—nor so old, either.

"Is this a genuine antique?" asked the customer suspiciously.

"Genuine," replied the dealer, in an offhand voice. "It is more than six hundred years old."

"That's remarkable," commented the customer dryly. "It is dated 1912."

But the antique dealer was not to be caught napping.

"Let me see," he said. "Why, so it is! That's the fault of my assistant. He's put the figures on wrongly. It ought to be 1915."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Self-Regulated Electric Iron.

Equipped with a simple form of thermostat, there has been introduced an electric iron which automatically maintains its temperature at any desired point. Adjustment in temperature is effected by turning the knob, after which the thermostat member turns off the current when the heat exceeds the limit set and again closes the circuit when the temperature falls slightly below the lower limit.

A Dainty Touch.

"And her mean husband thinks she's extravagant."

"Why?"

"Just because she insists on having Fido's monogram stamped on his dog biscuit."

Why.

"Why is it we don't hear any more complaints about defective life preservers on ships?"

"Nobody has time to put them on."—Judge.

Heard in an Office.

"Have a cigar, old man." "What's the matter with it?" "Nothing, only I've got a better one in my pocket."

Obstructs the View.

Some men are unable to see down the straight and narrow path because a big round dollar obstructs their view.

Taking Care of Him.

One of the local politicians (he insists that he is a statesman) was a guest of honor at a gathering the other night, and while on the subject of economy in government quoted the following conversation between a pay-roll patriot and a United States senator:

"Senator, you promised me a job." "But there are no jobs." "I need a job, senator." "Well, I'll ask for a commission to investigate the reason for the scarcity of jobs, and you can get a place on that."—Boston Traveler.

Skeptical.

"Mother, Willie said that Mike eats snakes." "And what did he say?" asked mother.

"He said yes, and I asked him what for, and he said, 'for greens.' Now don't you think that was a funny kind of greens?" "Yes, said mother.

"But you must not believe all Mike tells you." "Oh, I don't, mother. He told me that once you were as little as I am and that you were ten times prettier, but of course I did not believe that."

His Test of Greatness.

He was perched on a broken-down fence with a baseball bat over his sturdy right shoulder and was evidently waiting for the others to arrive for the game.

"Always anxious to improve the childish mind, I at once suggested to him the opportunities for study which he was wasting in the profligate time squandered for pleasure. I told him of Columbus, of Washington, Lincoln, Grant, Lee, and other immortals, whose names would live for countless years to come. I tried to impress upon him that he should learn more of these famous persons who had accomplished so much before death overtook them; that they should stand up to him as shining examples of what men may achieve through conquest and consistent effort."

I asked in simple phrases that he study these great men and exert all his powers to follow in their footsteps. I was delighted to see a spark of interest kindle in his little black eyes at last. "Say, mister!" he chirped, leaning a little toward me, and speaking in a tone of suppressed exclamation, "could any of dem guys pitch a curve?"

Was the center of activity in the town and Walter called there every evening.

Walter appeared in several cases before Judge Ray. Then came on one in which another attorney appeared as counsel for the defense. The county was seeking to oust a gang of notorious squatters, who swore that if the judge ruled against them they would leave his life. He did rule against them. Just after dusk one day Walter came hurriedly to the hotel and sent up word to the judge that he must see him immediately.

"You will have to leave Wadsworth at once, Judge Ray," he spoke hurriedly.

"I was arranging to start for home in the morning," announced Eugenie's father.

"Delay may be fatal," pronounced Walter gravely. "Perhaps it will be too late now. The back hills men, infuriated at your decision against them, have sworn that you shall never leave the place alive. Here," and Walter placed a bundle on the table, "is a disguise. Don it at once and leave the hotel by the rear exit. Do not take the east course. It is guarded at every point. Strike due west."

"But that leads directly across the bad lands."

"When you will not be suspected of venturing. In your disguise you will be safe—with that and the high sign."

"The high sign?" repeated the judge, vaguely.

"Yes, I am about to impart to you what I

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE NEWS NOTES FROM WISCONSIN PLACES

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"PUT UP OR SHUT UP"

The criticism of Woodrow Wilson's war policy, which has been brought to our attention by the Tribune, is about as disappointing a contribution to the general discussion of public questions of the day as we have ever read.

We have tried to conjure up in our mind a possible better way in which some of these contingencies which have arisen in connection with both the war and the peace, could have been handled, but we have not been able to do so.

However, we have been doomed to disappointment in this respect. The critics of the war policy, which we have seen as they get through with their criticisms and thereby leave the public where it was before.

"Up in the air" as far as any suggestion of a better way of meeting the crisis contingencies.

Even the official pronouncement of the Republican national convention held the same disappointment for those seeking a better method of handling the war question.

It saw fit to find fault with the Wilson policies but failed to enlighten anybody in what respect they were faulty.

It is downright funny to see these critics hound and how when they are run up a tree with the suggestion that they make a plan which they would substitute for the President's plan.

One of these blatant critics of the administration in Congress was run up to put up a better plan than the one he was criticizing or shut up, and in a corner not long ago where he is to and behold he evolved a plan which on being dissected proved to be the identical plan at which he had aimed so much criticism.

We are ready to hear any criticism of the President's policy which is accompanied with a suggestion of a different plan for the sake of enlightenment on that score, but as far as contributing anything worth while to the discussion of the issues of the campaign, we wouldn't give you a cent for it.

With nothing more than petty fault-finding connected with it.

Come, friends, put up something better, or shut up about the so-called mistakes of the Wilson administration.—Montrose (Col.) Enterprise.

CO-OPERATIVE HEALTH ENTERPRISE

Announcement comes from the United States Department of Agriculture that valuable aid is being given to the development of the interior army of nearly 770,000 persons, largely successful farmers, who are working without pay from the government other than the larger financial returns which come from the use of the scientific knowledge.

These volunteers, many of them actuated solely by a desire to be of service to their neighbors, are demonstrating the value of co-operative agricultural methods, testing out theories, experimenting and reporting on conditions in their districts, helping, in short, in very concrete way to the betterment of the edge of the department and to place that knowledge at the service of the people.

It is estimated that at least one half of every twenty is working in some way with the department and thus has become a center of advanced agricultural information for his community. In addition to the farmers who have been with the department, there are thousands of others who render a still larger service to the scientists and field workers of the state agricultural colleges and experiment stations.

"It is clear," says the bulletin, "that a significant change has taken place from the day when the average farmer was decidedly skeptical about the value of the scientific knowledge, and was willing to give attention to the recommendations of what many used to designate as 'book farmers.'"

And now, just for a minute, think what it would mean for the general good if a similar army of volunteers were enlisted in the service of the government's department of public health. In all the countries of Europe, and in the United States, the present war in which the importance of physical fitness has been so forcibly demonstrated, "the care and protection of the individual status of the people" has been the attention devoted to agriculture. In our country we have a secretary of agriculture as a member of the cabinet, but there is no cabinet officer who has the conservation of human life in his charge.

Every man, woman and child in the United States has a right to and a duty to have the scientific knowledge by which life may be lengthened and efficiency increased. The same effort to place it within their reach and make it a part of their lives, even though it has been revolutionized agriculture, has changed skepticism into active co-operation would doubtless be rewarded by even more general results.

Miss Mary and Eva Arnowski of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at the home of Miss Marie Jazdzinski.

W. H. BEAN, County Clerk.

SIGEL

Mr. Frank Sobieski and daughter, Miss Mary, and Miss Harriet Kazmierczak of Chicago have been spending the past two weeks at the home of John Jazdzinski.

Miss Marie Jazdzinski and daughter, Miss Marie, are spending part of the summer at the home of John.

Miss Mary and Eva Arnowski of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at the home of Miss Marie Jazdzinski.

CHAUTAUQUA SALUTE A MENACE TO HEALTH

Waving of Handkerchiefs Should Be Abolished, Declares Expert on Tuberculosis.

"The Chautauqua Salute (waving of handkerchiefs) should be abolished," declares Dr. Lawrence Brown of Saratoga Lake Sanatorium, the leading authorities of the country on the treatment of tuberculosis.

"Sputum in handkerchiefs quickly dries on account of the heat of the body, and if the handkerchief is waved, some of the sputum becomes in part pulverized, and when shaken in the air tends to disseminate as dust. Colds may be disseminated by the careless use of handkerchiefs and even by the prolonged use of a handkerchief an individual may possibly infect himself. To make a practice of expectorating into a handkerchief is inexcusable and dangerous."

Keep away from anyone who coughs without covering; his mouth, advises Dr. Brown, but he also makes vigorous protest against the prevalent custom of waving handkerchiefs from a careful patient, insisting that he who collects and destroys his sputum by burning and who covers his mouth when coughing cannot possibly be a source of danger to another.

Grip, colds, bronchitis, may be contracted from the careless cougher. In his new book, "Rules for Recovery from Pulmonary Tuberculosis," he lays emphasis on the use of rest and the danger of self-prescribed exercise in the treatment of tuberculosis, making the need for constant and competent medical supervision as self-evident as the need for an unanswerable argument for sanatorium treatment.

"No one attempts to walk on a broken leg or to wiggle a finger with a fracture in it, but yet the patient recovers," he says. If the patients could only see the disease in their lungs, the slow progress that is often made toward healing, it would be difficult to persuade many of them to take any exercise for a long, long time.

"The general public knows how important good food is, realizes that a diet of garbage and junk is not wholly at sea in regard to the danger and value of rest and exercise. 'Styrene' and arsenic are valuable drugs, but not many would care to experiment with them to find out the proper dose.' In pulmonary tuberculosis it requires far more experience to decide the 'dose' of exercise than is necessary in the use of arsenic or styrene."

"A patient is never injured by a six weeks' rest in bed. If by remaining in bed a few weeks, he can shorten his time of treatment by several months, why not do it?" He also points out why so many patients suffer relapses after returning home from the sanatorium. He says in warning:

"We cannot cure a patient in six months, but we can get him in such shape that when he returns home he will know how to take the right care with his lungs. There wasn't much to do and that, but where are the proofs? Has she ever shown anybody her husband's death notice as 'twas printed'?"

"I never saw it, ma'am." I dropped Mrs. O'Shane at the basement just as Mr. Flynn's wife came in with his lunch. There wasn't much to do and that, but where are the proofs? Has she ever shown anybody her husband's death notice as 'twas printed'?"

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COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Council Chambers, July 5, 1916.

Council met in regular session, Mayor Ellis presiding. Present, Aldermen Bever, Bamberg, Gault, Heiser, Geoghan, Halvorsen, Getzlaiff, Plonke, Lukasecki, Gilmaster, Whitrock, Kruger, Jackson, Lemense and Hensen. Absent: Alderman Damon.

The reading of the minutes of the last previous meeting was on motion, dispensed with, and the minutes approved.

The following report of the Board of Public Works, was, on motion, adopted by unanimous vote of the Council, the Clerk calling the roll.

June 27, 1916.

The Board of Public Works met pursuant to published notice for the purpose of receiving bids for the paving of Third Street, Baker Street, Third Avenue South, Rudolph Road, Seneca Road and Biron Road.

There were three (3) bids received. The bid of Mr. Bossert, being the lowest, was accepted, and is as follows:

Grand Rapids, Wis., July 5, 1916.

To the Board of Public Works, City of Grand Rapids, Wis.

Gentlemen:

I, Fred Bossert, having carefully examined the plans and specifications, hereby propose to furnish all the material, labor, and do all the work of improving the following streets in said city of Grand Rapids, Wis., at the following prices to-wit:

Third Street.

Concrete retaining curb, per lineal foot.....25

Reinforced concrete pavement with integral curb per sq. yd.....\$1.55

Reinforced concrete pavement (plain) per sq. yd.....1.52

Third Avenue.

Concrete retaining curb, per lineal foot.....25

Brick pavement on 5 inch concrete base per sq. yd.....\$2.15

Non-reinforced concrete pavement, per sq. yd.....1.42

Reinforced concrete pavement, per sq. yd.....1.55

Baker Street.

Concrete retaining curb, per lineal foot.....25

Brick pavement on five inch concrete base, per sq. yd.....\$2.15

Re-inforced concrete pavement, per sq. yd.....1.55

Biron Road, sq. yd.....1.62

Rudolph Road, sq. yd.....1.62

Sigal Road.....1.52

Bossert Coal Co.,

Fred Bossert, Contractor

E. W. Ellis.

Herman Plonke.

Christ. Getzlaiff.

F. H. Jackson.

Albert Gilmaster.

Board of Public Works.

The petition for sidewalk on Grand Avenue, from Tenth to Seventeenth Avenue, which was referred to the Sidewalk committee at the last regular meeting of the Council, was reported on favorably, and was ordered in by a unanimous vote of the Council, the Clerk calling the roll.

There was presented Ordinance No. 193 being an ordinance granting the C. & N. W. Ry. Co., the right to construct, maintain and operate a switch or side track in and across certain public streets in the city of Grand Rapids, Wis., and, on motion, by unanimous vote the Clerk calling the roll, was adopted. (Same may be seen in legal form.)

There was presented Ordinance No. 194 being an ordinance preventing the throwing or placing of paper, banana skins, orange peelings, refuse, or any rubbish upon the streets, sidewalks and parks of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, and was adopted, by unanimous vote of the Council, the Clerk calling the roll. (Same may be seen in legal form.)

The petition for a street light on Chase Street was reported on as follows by the Committee on General Business, to whom it was referred: "We, the Committee on General Business, wish to report that the same be referred to the City Attorney and that he be authorized to take the same up with the railroad company, to install the street light."

Max Whitrock.

John Heiser.

John Bamberg.

The petition for a street light at the corner of Washington Ave. and 14th street and Washington Ave. and 18th street was referred, on motion, to the Finance Committee to find the cost of installing said lights.

The petition for street lights on the corner of Oak and 14th streets and Oak and 16th streets, which was referred to the General Committee at the last regular meeting, was on motion, referred to the Finance Committee to find the cost of installing said lights.

The petition of Emil Bealer, et al, to open a public highway, which was referred to the Street Committee at the last regular meeting of the Council, was, on motion, referred to the City Attorney, City Engineer, Street Committee, and Mayor to find the cost of purchasing such land as is necessary to open said road.

The following petition was, on motion, referred to the Water Works Committee:

July 5, 1916.

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids, Wis.

Gentlemen:

I would earnestly request that you cause a hydrant to be placed at the corner of 11th and Baker streets for the purpose of flushing out water mains, this being a dead end. It is almost impossible for me to use the water as it is at the present time.

Respectfully yours,

G. R. Schuman.

The following petition was, on motion, referred to the Water Works and Sewer Committee.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

We, the undersigned taxpayers,

whose property abuts on Grand Avenue, would most respectfully petition your honorable body to extend the water main and sewer from the westerly end of the now proposed extension on Grand Avenue at the corner of 21st Avenue and Grand Avenue, westerly along said Grand Avenue to city limits. For which we shall ever pray.

W. H. Robinson

John Konguski

Earle Peas

Robert Knuth

F. J. Wood

A. L. Fontaine

John I. Hammer

Taylor & Scott Co.

by T. A. Taylor

The following petition was, on motion, referred to the Board of Public Works:

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

We the undersigned free-holders adjoining on Oak street between 4 and 5 respectively request that you cause said part of Oak street to be sprinkled with oil. We herewith waive all statutory notice and agree to pay our proportionate share of the cost thereof.

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids, Wis.

Gentlemen:

We the undersigned residents of said city, owning property abutting on First Avenue south, do hereby petition your Hon. Body to cause said 1st avenue south to be sprinkled with oil from the intersection of said 1st avenue and Grand Avenue, at Nash Hardware corner to the intersection of said 1st avenue and eighth avenue, at the south line of the W. J. Conway lot.

Name

No. Feet

Burt Larsen.....66

W. J. Conway.....130

B. R. Goggins.....47

L. M. Nash.....66

Drum & Sutor.....33

Normington Bros.....33

A. I. Chambers.....33

W. E. Warren.....47

W. T. Jones.....33

J. A. Cohen.....47

F. MacKinnon.....166

R. J. Locke, for Cong'l church

Moravian church, B. Metzger, trustee

W. E. Nash.....50

A. L. Ridgman

Claus Johnson

The following petition was, on motion, referred to the Street Committee, City Attorney, City Engineer and Mayor to ascertain the cost of widening said street.

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Gentlemen:

We, the undersigned residents and freeholders of said City do hereby petition your Hon. Body to take the proper steps to widen Fourth street between block 29 Neeve's 1st and 2nd Addition and block one in the subdivision of the 2nd of the NW 1/4 17-22-6, according to Sargent's Plat of the City of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

A very few feet off the corner of lots 14 and 15 of said block 29 will widen said street and put same in condition so that the proper fill can be made and a sidewalk built along said street, a condition very much needed at this time.

P. Beas.

A. P. Hirzy

J. Levin

W. L. Lahn

Wm. Burchell

John E. Daly

C. J. Christiansen

Oliver Dudley (X) his mark

The following petition was, on motion, referred to the Sidewalk Committee.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids, Wis.

There being no sidewalk leading to the High School from 8th street south, except the one on Oak street, which makes it so far around that we can not send small children to school that way, and when the roads are bad we are obliged to keep children at home, we the undersigned, therefore petition your honorable body, to build or have built a sidewalk leading from 8th street south and extending west on Apple street to and across 6th street south, said sidewalk to be built on the south side of Apple street or along the city property, known as the old fair grounds, and now used by the city as a park.

Signed: Geo. E. Miller, C. H. Margeson, Henry Burmeister, Herman Fritz, Geo. Frechette, John G. Timm, Fred Panter, Geo. Moulton, Wm. Goldberg, Wm. W. Rickman, Henry Goldberg, William Panter, Wm. F. Hannaman, Emil Knuth, Henry Fritz, Wm. Pribbanow, Herman Pribbanow, Herman Wachs, Fred Pagel, Albert Gross, Alfred Miller, H. J. Miller, Herman Arndt, Aug. Kawalski, Eugene Miller, S. S. Miller, Wm. Corcoran, C. A. Klug, Henry Plonke, Peter Kappel, Chas. Karnatz.

The claim of Albert Koleski for \$650.00 for damages, by reason of being injured in said City of Grand Rapids on the 27th day of January, 1916, and by reason of damages to his automobile and all by reason of the insufficiency and want of repair of a certain highway in the said city, was referred to the City Attorney.

The matter of repairing Tenth Ave.

emue south, was, on motion, referred to the Street Committee.

The matter of repairing Fourth Avenue north, was, on motion, referred to the Street Committee.

The matter of getting a motor cycle police was referred to the Police and Fire Commission and the Chief of Police.

Alderman Bever called the attention of the Council to the fact that there is a mud hole in the alley from Luvu street to the Green Bay depot and that the same ought to be drained. The matter was referred to the Sewer Committee.

The Council, by unanimous vote, ordered in a sidewalk in front of the William Waldo and Alfred Emmes property, the city to make the proper grade for the same.

On motion, by unanimous vote of the Council, the Clerk calling the roll the sewer pipe on Eleventh Avenue north was ordered changed from twelve to twenty inch pipe.

On motion, by unanimous vote of the Council, the Clerk calling the roll, the matter of extending Seventeenth Avenue north of the Green Bay track was referred to the City Engineer and Street Committee with full power to act.

The following bills were allowed:

Associated Mfg. Co., Sanitary soft soap.....\$20.03

John C. Moore Co., stationery.....4.98

Interstate Oil Co., carload oil.....200.42

H. Channon Co., trench braces.....28.09

Blackmer & Post Pipe Co., sewer pipe.....523.95

A. L. Fontaine, printing.....44.25

W. A. Johnson, drag harness.....33.85

Wis. Valley Leader, June printing.....38.86

Grand Rapids Foundry Co., catch basins and man hole covers.....186.80

Hugo Lind, painting fire dept. ladders.....5.00

Sweet Bros., repairing fire department ladders.....1.00

the carcasses. On the hoof the cattle weighed about 850 pounds per head, and the dressing percentage was 50.3.

PRUNE VINES HEAVILY FOR EARLY TOMATOES

How many times does one see heavy tomato plants bent down upon the ground and drawing "every which way" - the fruit left to come in contact with the soil where it soon spoils and decays?

In many of our gardens this state of affairs is the rule rather than the exception. Then in order to ripen the tomatoes before they rot the windrow sill and wash bench are pressed into service.

Why not get earlier and better tomatoes, ripe and juicy, direct from the vines? It can be done if the vines are pruned and staked.

Let the tops develop, and then cut out all extra shoots in the axils of the leaves on the main stem," advises J. H. Holper, instructor in gardening at the College of Agriculture. "When training to one stem, pinch off all the side shoots carefully, and keep them trimmed by going over the vines twice a week. With strong cord fasten the tops of the plants securely to a stake 4 or 5 feet high. This keeps the vines from sagging and lets the sunlight work its way into the plant, making the fruit ripen much earlier."

SIGEL

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Mathews and son, Ernest, autoted to Marshfield Sunday.

Mr. Henry Zaser was a guest of Miss Mary Mathews last Sunday. Miss Anna Schroeder, who has been in Grand Rapids, is at home now.

Mrs. Ed Polansky is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jackson and family of Seneca, and Mrs. Dainitz, visited Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. August Bantz.

Little Gilbert Klement is sick with pneumonia.

Legal Blanks for sale at this office.

LOST—A copper fishing tackle box, near Port Edwards dam. Finder will receive reward by returning to Tribune office.

HOW LIVING COST INCREASES

How the increase in the cost of living has progressed in the last 30 or 40 years was discussed by Governor J. B. Kendrick of Wyoming, an old stockman, who has watched the march of events. Today a chicken is worth more than a turkey was a few years ago; a turkey more than a hog; a hog more than a cow used to be worth, and a cow more than a horse. This illustrates the increase in the price of food stock.

"In March, 1897," said the governor, "I went down to Texas to look over a couple of thousand head of steers in Matagorda county, south-east Texas."

"They were located on a pasture that skirted the gulf, and it was as pretty a pasture as I ever saw. In those days the stockmen would buy young cattle and send them north to Wyoming and Montana to mature. A 2-year-old steer in Montana or Wyoming was as big as a 3-year-old in Texas. While I was down looking over the young cattle I was asked by the manager of the ranch if I cared to buy some older steers. The owner, I was told, had a number of 6-year-old steers that he would sell, although he was not anxious. He was going to hold them until he got his price, he declared. I looked them over, and I tell you they were as fine a bunch of beef cattle as I ever saw. The manager impressed upon me, however, that I need not hope to buy unless I was willing to pay the owner's price. I asked the price and was told that he wanted \$15 a head. Think of it—\$15 a head for 6-year-olds, and today calves are bringing \$85. Only a short time ago I saw a lot of Hereford calves sold at that price. A cow and a calf are worth anywhere from \$80 up. It isn't any wonder that the consumers have to pay a higher price for their beef."

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our heartfelt thanks to the many kind relatives and friends who so kindly extended their sympathy and services during the illness and death of our mother and grandmother.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hammer and Family.

FOR SALE:—Purebred Holstein bull 8 months old at practically your own price. Wm. Behling, Vesper, Wis., Route 1.

NEW ROME

We are having fine weather, although we could use a little rain, for the grade especially.

Rev. C. A. O'Neil, from Nekooosa, gave a nice sermon in the Union Church here Sunday.

Walter Hoeft hauled a load of shingles from Nekooosa last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Irwin and daughter Malva were Sunday visitors at the Joe Corbin home Sunday.

James Wilson visited with his family a few days.

Quite a number from here celebrated the Fourth at Nekooosa. All who went report a fine time.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hart, Hilda and Alfred Holz and Mrs. E. J. Hoeft were visitors at the Kolschowski home last Sunday.

Mrs. Earl Davis spent a few days at Grand Rapids.

FIVE MILE CREEK

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Koch and two children of your city spent Sunday with R. A. Hannaman and family.

Mr. K. A. Hansen transacted business in Grand Rapids Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. V. F. Simonski of Grand Rapids spent Sunday with the latter's mother, Mrs. John Lontkowski.

Mr. Roy Warren of Kellner spent Sunday evening at the F. P. Kiering home.

Mr. Fred Eckerman visited relatives and friends in Grand Rapids Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Vechinsky of Nekooosa visited Sunday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. Lontkowski.

Miss Rose Ahrens and brother (Robert of Chicago are visiting their brother Fred Ahrens a couple of weeks.

Miss Anna Kiedrowski of Milwaukee is enjoying a three weeks' vacation. She is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kiedrowski, at the Ten-Mile.

Miss Clara Hannaman spent Sunday at Andrew Fin's house.

FOR SALE:—Cheap, 20 acres of land on the Plover road, 1 1/2 mile north of city limits. Inquire of Oscar Croiteau, 1087 Wylie street, or at the Johnson & Hill Clothing Dept. 31 pd.

ARPIN

The young folks had a very nice time dancing at John Dorist's Saturday evening in his new barn. Mr. Dorist intends to have another dance soon.

Doris Geromeyner Sundayed with the Johnson girls at Pleasant Hill.

Christ Hansen and family autoted to Marshfield Sunday.

Bethel and Dewey Parks of Port Edwards visited the week's end with Edward and Hazel Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Geromeyner and Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Mueller and the Elvert family Sundayed at the Chas. Tomphahre home.

Mrs. John Nimm and children visited with the Walter Winbarn family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Martin visited with Wm. Shurly and wife Sunday.

A crowd of young folks helped Miss Doris Geromeyner celebrate her 18th birthday Sunday evening.

Music and games were entertaining features of the evening. Lunch was served at midnight and at a late hour all departed for their homes wishing Doris many happy returns of the day.

Dewey Parks of Port Edwards is helping Wm. Martin make hay this week.

Mrs. John Nimm and baby went to Marshfield Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Martin and children returned to their home in Stevens Point Wednesday after visiting with the Wm. Martin family for two weeks. Mrs. Martin went to Marshfield with them.

HERE'S A WAY TO START BALKY HORSES

Put One Ear Under Crown Piece of the Bridle

Of all vices that equine flesh is heir to, the most annoying to the average horse owner and driver is balking, or near balking, which consists in rearing or lunging when first asked to start, particularly after a few days' rest, or what is still worse, trying to start with a jump when only half hitched. The main reason that I think it is so aggravating is that so few know how to combat it. A balky horse has the most sense, the confirmed runaway the least, of any horse.

I have bought more balky horses than those with any other vice for that reason. Once they are broken of balking, they make the best of horses, not afraid of the objects that usually scare those of other temperaments.

The little simple trick I am going to describe and that has proved so satisfactory in so many cases is not intended to break the horse of balking, which in most cases involves a lot of time, patience, and more or less thorough knowledge of horse nature, but rather to help those who have been caught, perhaps with a new horse that started away from home all right but has now balked, because the conditions under which he has balked before have again presented themselves.

The average driver, when caught in this way, starts in by petting and coaxing the horse and winds up by losing his temper and beating it until stopped by passers-by or by some policeman.

A horse has only one idea in his head at a time, and in this case he has decided not to go any further with that particular load, and the coaxing and patting are not sufficient to cause him to think of anything else. The whipping only makes him more stubborn and determined not to move. Now we have got to find something that will give him something else to think about.

All horses, and nudes more so, than horses, hate to have their ears hampered. In fact no horse ever decides upon a different course of action without first moving its ears from the normal position, and here is the key to the whole idea. As soon as it balks get down from the seat and deliberately take one ear and put it under the crown piece of the bridle so that it is fast and leave the horse to its own devices for a few minutes. He will commence shaking his head and doing everything he can think of to get that ear loose, until he has forgotten all about balking and his whole thoughts are centered upon freeing that ear. Now let the driver get back on the wagon, call on the horse to start and he goes. I have proved this trick to be successful with cow-horses that thought it necessary to buck and pitch when first mounted in the morning, and with rearers in the saddle and horses hard to hitch. Leave the ear where it is for about twenty minutes, then stop and free it. Let the horse have time to shake his head and be satisfied that everything is all right again, and off he will go as pleasantly as possible.

As I said before, this trick will not break a horse from balking, but it will invariably start one. I have barked on the road, provided he hasn't already been whipped and abused to a point where nothing matters.—Our Dumb Animals.

FARMING IS THE BEST

William Jennings Bryan gives eight good reasons why young men should choose farming in preference to the other occupations and professions. Here they are: "(1) Farming is the most independent way of living; (2) the least capital is required to start farming than to enter any other independent business; (3) all members of the community participate in some way in the work of the farm; (4) farm life is healthful; (5) farming develops useful habits of industry and application; (6) the farm provides the most wholesome environment for growing children; (7) farm life teaches the true philosophy of labor; (8) the farmer is the most independent factor in our political life."

THE VODKE DRIVE

In the Prohibitory Act which has been passed by the Russian duma there is little satisfaction, though there is a plain lesson, for American prohibitionists, who, where they have found themselves in a majority, have enforced laws which have forbidden the use of light wines, ciders and beers, while unable to prevent the bootlegging of alcohol in its concentrated and most violent forms.

The action of the Russian government in suppressing the vodka traffic, which was a state monopoly, was seized upon by our prohibitionists as justifying teetotalism by legislative act, little realizing that what the Russian government is aiming to suppress is precisely what they have been encouraging. Under a despotism, such as there is in Russia, with a state monopoly of vodka, it was possible to throttle it by governmental action, but the Russian statesmen have not proceeded under the illusion that the way to prevent the use of strong drink is to forbid the use of all alcoholic beverages.

The prohibitory act which the duma has passed and which has been sent to the upper chamber for consideration before going to the czar for his approval, provides that alcoholic beverages containing a low percentage of alcohol may be made and sold freely, and that the proposed measure, light beers and wines and ciders could be sold without coming under the ban of the law. The purpose of the Russian statesmen is to wean the Russian people from a drink which corresponds with whisky and by substituting in its place light alcoholic beverages promote temperance and sobriety without attempting to enforce what has proved impossible even in despotic Russia—complete prohibition.

If the American prohibitionists, who, in the main, are well meaning though misguided in their desire to promote temperance, should profit from their failure and learn the futility of attempting to enforce teetotalism, the whisky trust could be sent to join the vodka monopoly in the abode of extinguished evils.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Intelligent motherhood conserves the nation's best crop? Heavy eating like heavy drinking shortens life?

The registration of sickness is even more important than the registration of deaths?

The U. S. Public Health Service co-operates with state and local authorities to improve rural sanitation?

Many a severe cold ends in tuberculosis?

Sedentary habits shorten life?

Neglected adenoids and defective teeth in childhood menace adult health?

A low infant mortality rate indicates high community intelligence?

FOR SALE:—Will sacrifice for quick sale, my 20 acres of land situated 1/2 mile south of city limits on route 8, suitable for poultry farm, or to subdivide, what am I offered. For particulars inquire of H. Gottfried, R. 8, Box 28.

OUR FOREIGN BORN

While so much is being said and written upon the subject of Americanism, the National Geographic Society comes forward with some figures concerning our foreign population, and these are particularly timely and authoritative. For instance, it is a fact not generally recognized that the foreign population of the United States, together with sons and daughters of parents one or both of whom are or were of foreign birth, constitute a third of the entire population of the country. In a number of states the people of foreign birth or foreign or mixed parentage exceed in numbers those of native birth and parentage. This condition obtains in Massachusetts, where the foreign element by birth or parentage is twice as great as the element of unmixd native lineage. That state had, in 1910, 1,103,000 people both of whose parents were born within the United States, as compared with 2,221,000 who were either born abroad themselves, or had one or both parents born abroad. The same condition prevails in Rhode Island. That state has a population of 159,821 of native ancestry against 372,071 of foreign birth or lineage. In Connecticut we find a population of native ancestry aggregating \$55,000, and of foreign birth ancestry aggregating 733,000. In New York there is a population of native ancestry reaching a total of 3,330,000. Against this there is a population of foreign birth or foreign or mixed ancestry amounting to 5,715,000. The balance in favor of the population of foreign birth or foreign ancestry, in whole or in part, in New Jersey is 425,900, the population of native ancestry amounting to 1,010,000 as against 1,435,000 in the case of the foreign element.

Illinois also falls in the list of states where the population of full native stock is smaller than that of foreign birth or foreign or partly foreign ancestry. Its population of native lineage amounts to 2,800,000. Against this there is a population wholly or partly foreign by birth and ancestry of 3,255,000. Nebraska of 225,000. Michigan also falls in this class, with 1,560,000 wholly or partly of foreign birth and ancestry, as compared with 1,244,000 of pure native lineage. Minnesota has nearly three times as many people born abroad, or with one or both parents of foreign birth, as has sons and daughters of native stock. Her population of foreigners and their children totals 1,483,000, as compared with 575,000 for the native element. Montana has 199,000 people of foreign birth and foreign or mixed ancestry, as against 102,000 of native ancestry. Wyoming gets into the same column by about the same proportion. The state of Washington has 390,000 more of the foreign than of the native element, while California practically breaks even.

Taking the statistics of the male population twenty-one years of age and upward for the entire country, it is found that only 48.9 per cent of them are of straight, white native ancestry. The negro element adds 5.1 per cent to this, and the remainder, 45.9 per cent, is represented by the men of foreign birth or the sons of foreign or mixed parentage. Taking the different states, we find some striking statistics. In the proportion of foreign birth or foreign or mixed ancestry to native, among the men of 21 years and upward, Nevada, 102,000. Michigan also falls in this class, with 1,560,000 wholly or partly of foreign birth and ancestry, as compared with 1,244,000 of pure native lineage. Minnesota has nearly three times as many people born abroad, or with one or both parents of foreign birth, as has sons and daughters of native stock. Her population of foreigners and their children totals 1,483,000, as compared with 575,000 for the native element. Montana has 199,000 people of foreign birth and foreign or mixed ancestry, as against 102,000 of native ancestry. Wyoming gets into the same column by about the same proportion. The state of Washington has 390,000 more of the foreign than of the native element, while California practically breaks even.

Approximately two-thirds of the men in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York and Utah are sons or grandsons of foreign lands. In New Jersey, Illinois, Michigan, South Dakota and Montana the proportion ranges from 61 per cent to 57 per cent, while in Nebraska, Nevada, Washington and California it is slightly more than half. In Utah it falls to 48.8 per cent, in Wyoming to 45.9 per cent, in Missouri to 29.7 per cent, in Kansas to 30.8 per cent and in Oregon 40.4 per cent.

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If You've Got The Goods

You may know the pinch of famine, You may know the clutch of debt, There may be but little lamb in Any fricassee you get.

All the dubs may try to flop you Any trick to lay you low, But they cannot really stop you, If you've got the goods to show.

They may knock you down and trample On the wares you have to sell, They may hand you out a sample Of a little bit of h—!

They may turn on you and thunder "Back, you lobster, to the woods," But they cannot keep you under If you've really got the goods.

True, it's hard for you to suffer What you know you don't deserve, But it rather makes you tougher And it stiffens up your nerve.

Let 'em slam, and damn, and flout you, Bear it all as best you can. But the world can't do without you If you've got the goods, Old Man.

—Westclox Tick-Talk.

Ten Years Ago

What did you think you would be worth today? Didn't have much idea did you, but you were sure you would be pretty well fixed financially.

ARE YOU?

How much will you be worth in the next ten years? Has past experience taught you anything—has it taught you the wisdom of a

Savings Account

It should have been your first lesson

The Citizens National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.

Our Stock Is Such

that you may always depend on finding here just

What You Want When You Want It.

None of our customers have ever had to postpone their building operations because we couldn't supply their needs.

SEE US FOR LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIAL

W. A. Marling Lumber Co.

M. G. GORDON, Manager

Let the other fellow experiment. You want to know what your prospective car will do.

The record of Ford cars in the service of more than a million owners is the best evidence of Ford reliability, economy in operation and simplicity in handling. Average two cents per mile for operation and maintenance.

The Runabout \$390; Touring Car \$440; Coupelet \$590; Town Car \$640; Sedan \$740, f. o. b. Detroit. On sale and display at

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Ford

the carcasses. On the hoof the cattle weighed about 850 pounds per head, and the dressing percentage was 69.8.

PRUNE VINES HEAVILY FOR BABY TOMATOES

How many times does one see heavy tomato plants bent down upon the ground and sprawling "every which way"? The fruit left to come in contact with the soil where it soon rots and decays?

In many of our gardens this state of affairs is the rule rather than the exception. Then in order to ripen the tomatoes before they rot, the windows sill and wash bench are pressed into service.

Why not get earlier and better to the point, ripe and juicy, direct from the vine? It can be done if the vines are trained and staked.

Let the tops develop, and then cut out all extra shoots in the axils of the leaves on the main stem, leaving J. H. Helper, instructor in gardening at the College of Agriculture.

When training to one stem, pinch off all the side shoots carefully, and keep them trimmed by going over the vines twice a week. With strong seedlings the tops of the plants should be trained to a stake 4 or 5 feet high. This keeps the vines from sagging and lets the sunlight work its way into the plant, making the fruit ripen much earlier.

SIGEL

Mr. and Mrs. James Matthews and son, Ernest, returned to Marshfield Sunday.

Mr. Henry Zaser was a guest of Mrs. Mary Matthews last Sunday. Miss Anna Schroeder, who has been in Grand Rapids, is at home now.

Mrs. Ed Polansky is on the sick list. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jackson and family of Sarnia, and Mrs. Danwitz, visited Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. August Bantz.

Little Gilbert Kievent is sick with pneumonia.

Local blanks for sale at this office.

LOST: A copper fishing tackle box, near Port Edwards dam. Finder will receive reward by returning to Tribune office. 2c

HOW LIVING COST INCREASES

How the increase in the cost of living has progressed in the last 30 years was discussed by Governor J. B. Kendrick of Wyoming, in a speech at Cheyenne, Wyo., on the 20th of March. He said that a chicken was worth more than a turkey was a few years ago; a turkey more than a hog; a hog more than a cow used to be worth, and a cow more than a horse. This illustrates the increase in the price of food stock.

"In March, 1837," said the governor, "I went down to Texas to look over a couple of thousand head of steers in Matagorda county, southern Texas."

"They were located on a pasture that skirted the gulf, and it was as pretty a pasture as I ever saw. In those days the stockman would buy young cattle and send them north to Wyoming and Montana to mature. A 2-year-old steer in Montana or Wyoming was as big as a 3-year-old in Texas. While I was down looking over the young cattle I was asked by the manager of the ranch if I cared to buy some older steers. The owner, I was told, had a number of 6-year-old steers that he would sell, although he was not anxious. He was going to hold them until he got his price, he declared. I looked them over, and I tell you they were as fine a bunch of beef cattle as I ever saw. However, that I need not hope to own's price. I asked the price and was told that he wanted \$15 a head. Think of it—\$15 a head for 6-year-olds, and today calves are bringing \$85. Only a short time ago I saw a lot of forefaded calves sold at that price. A cow and a calf are worth anywhere from \$90 up. It isn't any wonder that the consumers have to pay a higher price for their beef."

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hart, Hilda and Alfred Holtz and Mrs. E. J. Hart were visitors at the Kolshouski home last Sunday.

Mrs. Earl Davis spent a few days at Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. V. F. Sinakowski of Grand Rapids spent Sunday with the father's mother, Mrs. John Lontkowski.

Mr. Roy Warren of Kalamazoo spent Sunday evening at the F. Pokering home.

Mr. Fred Eckerman visited relatives and friends in Grand Rapids Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Vechinsky of Nekosco visited Sunday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. Lontkowski.

Miss Rosa Ahrens and brother Robert of Chicago are visiting their brother Fred Ahrens a couple of weeks.

Miss Anna Kiedrowski of Milwaukee is enjoying a three weeks' vacation. She is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kiedrowski, at the Ten-Mile.

Miss Clara Hannaman spent Sunday at Andrew Flinn's home.

FOR SALE:—Cheap, 20 acres of land on the Plover road, 1/2 mile north of city limits. Inquire of Osborn at 1037 Wylie street, or at the Johnson & Hill Clothing Dept. 3t pd.

FOR SALE:—Purchased Holsteins bull 8 months old at practically your own price. Wm. Behling, Vesper, Wis. Route 1. 6t

NEW ROME

We are having fine weather, although we could use a little rain, for the grain especially.

Rev. C. A. O'Neil, from Nekosco, gave a nice sermon in the Union Church here Sunday.

Walter Hoeft hauled a load of shingles from Nekosco last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Irwin and daughter Malvys were Sunday visitors at the Joe Corbin home Sunday.

James Wilson visited with his family a few days.

Quite a number from here celebrated the Fourth at Nekosco. All who went report a fine time.

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ARPL

The young folks had a very nice time dancing at John Dorist's Saturday evening in his new barn. Mr. Dorist intends to have another dance soon.

Doris Geronemeyer Sundayed with the Johnson girls at Pleasant Hill.

Christ Hansen and family autoed to Marshfield Sunday.

Bethel and Devey Parks of Port Edwards visited the week's end with Edward and Hazel Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Geronemeyer and Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Meuller and the Elvert family Sundayed at the Chas. Tomphord home.

John Nimmi and children visited with the Walter Winbrenner family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Martin visited with Wm. Shurly and wife Sunday.

A crowd of young folks helped Miss Doris Geronemeyer celebrate her 18th birthday Sunday evening.

Music and games were entertaining features of the evening. Lunch was served at midnight and at a late hour all departed for their homes wishing Doris many happy returns of the day.

Dewey Parks of Port Edwards is helping Wm. Martin make hay this week.

Mrs. John Nimmi and baby went to Marshfield Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Martin and children returned to their home in Stevens Point Wednesday after visiting with the Wm. Martin family for two weeks. Mrs. Martin went to Marshfield with them.

HERE'S A WAY TO START BALKY HORSES

Put One Ear Under Crown Piece of the Bridle

Of all vices that equine flesh is heir to, the most annoying to the average horse owner and driver is balking, or near balking, which consists in rearing or lunging when first asked to start, particularly after a few days' rest or what is still worse, after a start with a jump when only half hitched. The main reason that I think it is so aggravating is that so few know how to combat it. A balky horse has the most sense; he has learned the hard way, and he has learned to balk.

I have bought more balky horses than those with any other vice for years. One day they are broken balking, they make the best of horses, not afraid of the objects that usually scare those of other temperaments.

The little simple trick I am going to describe and that has proved so satisfactory in so many cases is not intended to break the horse of balking, which in most cases involves a lot of time, patience, and more or less thorough knowledge of horse nature, but rather to help those who have been caught, perhaps with a new horse that started away from home all right but has now balked, because the conditions under which he has balked before have again presented themselves.

The average driver, when caught in this way, starts at once to coax the horse and winds up by losing his temper and beating it until stopped by passers-by or by some policeman.

A horse has only one idea in his mind at a time, and in this case he has decided not to go any further with that particular load, and the coaxing and patting are not sufficient to cause him to think of anything else. He is stubborn and determined not to move. Now we have got to find something that will give him something else to think about.

All horses, and mules more so than horses, hate to have their ears hampered. In fact no horse ever decides upon a different course of action without first moving its ears from their normal position, and here is the key to the whole idea. As soon as it balks get down from the seat and deliberately take one ear and put it under the crown piece of the bridle so that it is fast and leave the horse to its own devices for a few minutes. He will commence shaking his head and doing everything he can think of to get that ear loose, until he has forgotten all about balking, and his whole thoughts are centered upon freeing that ear. Now let the driver get back on the wagon, call on the horse to start, and off he goes. I have proved this trick to be successful with all cow-horses that thought it necessary to buck and pitch when first mounted in the morning, and with rearers in the saddle and ear Creators hard to hitch. Leave the ear where it is for about twenty minutes, then stop and free it. Let the horse have time to shake his head and be satisfied that everything is all right again, and he will go as pleasantly as possible.

As I said before, this trick will not break a horse from balking, but it will invariably start one that has balked on the road, provided he hasn't learned to balk by habit, and it will lead to a point where nothing matters.—Our Dumb Animals.

FARMING IS THE BEST

William Jennings Bryan gives eight good reasons why young men should choose farming in preference to the other occupations and professions. Here they are: "(1) Farming is the most independent way of living; (2) less capital is required to start farming than to enter any other independent business; (3) all members of the family can participate in some way in the work of the farm; (4) farm life is healthful; (5) farming develops noble habits of industry and application; (6) the farm provides the most wholesome environment for growing children; (7) farm life teaches the true philosophy that labor is honorable and worthy of reward; (8) the farmer is the most independent factor in our political life."

URNS DOWN BIG ORDERS

Marshfield Herald: Alex Johnson, proprietor of the Marshfield Glove & Mitten factory, reports a rush of business in his line. The past month he has turned down orders enough to have kept the factory running continually a full year. One of the orders, the largest of any, was from a Chicago wholesale house, who wanted to contract for 85,000 worth of leather faced mittens. The capacity of the factory is about 300 dozen a day, but owing to the scarcity of help but 200 dozen a day are being turned out.

BOOKS ON MEXICO

People wishing to become more familiar with the conditions of the country in Mexico, acquainted with the customs, manners, pursuits, habits and, in fact, almost anything concerning the country down there would do well to look over some of the books in the stock at the Public Library. These books are especially interesting at this time, containing information of the people that we are mixed up with at the present time and gives us an insight of the nature of the country and fellow citizens that are at present raking their lives for the honor of the United States. There are a number of good books obtainable on this subject at the library.

OUR FOREIGN BORN

While so much is being said and written upon the subject of Americanism, the National Geographic Society comes forward with some figures concerning our foreign population and their sons and daughters that are particularly timely and authoritative. For instance, it is a fact not generally recognized that the foreign population of the United States, together with sons and daughters of parents one or both of whom are or were of foreign birth, constitutes a third of the entire population of the country. In a number of states the people of foreign birth or foreign or mixed parentage exceed in numbers those of native birth and parentage.

This condition obtains in Massachusetts, where the foreign element by birth or parentage is twice as great as the element of unmixed native lineage. That state had, in 1910, 1,103,000 people, both of whose parents were born within the United States, as compared with 2,221,000 who were either born abroad themselves, or had one or both parents born abroad.

Illinois also falls in the list of states where the population of full native stock is smaller than that of foreign birth or foreign or partly foreign ancestry. Its population of native lineage amounts to 2,600,000. Against this there is a population wholly or partly foreign by birth and ancestry of 2,925,000, a difference of 325,000. Michigan also falls in this class, with 1,560,000 wholly or partly of foreign birth and ancestry, as compared with 1,244,000 of pure native lineage. Minnesota has nearly three times as many people born abroad, or with one or both parents of foreign birth, as the state of Oregon, which she has of sons and daughters of native stock. Her population of foreigners and their children totals 1,483,000, as compared with 375,000 for the native element. Montana has 190,000 people of foreign birth and foreign or mixed ancestry, as against 162,000 of native ancestry. Wyoming adds into the same column about the same proportion. The state of Washington has 350,000 more of the foreign than of the native element, while California practically breaks even.

Taking the statistics of the male population twenty-one years of age and upward for the entire country, it is found that only 48.9 per cent of them are of straight, white native ancestry. The negro element adds 9.1 per cent to this, and the remainder, 41.3 per cent, is represented by the men of foreign birth or the sons of foreign or mixed parentage. Taking the different states, we find some striking statistics. In the proportion of foreign birth or foreign or mixed ancestry to native, among the men of 21 years and upward, North Dakota takes first rank among the states, with 79.9 per cent belonging to the former class. Minnesota ranks next with 78 per cent, and Wisconsin third with 77.7 per cent.

Approximately two-thirds of the men in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York and Utah are sons or grandsons of foreign lands. In New Jersey, Illinois, Michigan, South Dakota and Montana the proportion ranges from 61 per cent to 57 per cent, while in Nebraska, Nevada, Washington and California it is slightly more than half. In Utah it falls to 48.8 per cent, in Wyoming to 45.6 per cent, in Missouri to 28.7 per cent, in Kansas to 30.8 per cent and in Oregon 40.4 per cent.

THE VODKA DRIVE

In the Prohibition Act which has been passed by the Russian duma there is little satisfaction, though there is a plain lesson, for American prohibitionists, who, as the Russians have found themselves in a majority, have enforced laws which have forbidden the use of light wines, ciders and beers, while unable to prevent the bootlegging of alcohol in its concentrated and most violent forms.

The action of the Russian government in suppressing the vodka traffic, which was a state monopoly, was seized upon by our prohibitionists as justifying the way to prevent the use of strong drink is to forbid the use of all alcoholic beverages.

The prohibitory act which has been sent to the upper chamber for consideration before going to the czar for his approval, provides that alcoholic beverages containing a low percentage of alcohol may be made and sold freely. Under the proposed measure, light beers and wines and ciders could be sold without coming under the ban of the law. The purpose of the Russian statesmen is to wean the Russian people from a drink which corresponds with whiskey and by substituting in its place light alcoholic beverages promote temperance and sobriety without attempting to enforce what has proved impossible even in despotic Russia—complete prohibition.

If the American prohibitionists, who, in the main, are well meaning though misguided in their desire to promote temperance, should profit from their failure in the United States, they should be able to find the folly of attempting to enforce teetotalism, the whiskey trust could be sent to join the vodka monopoly in the abode of extinguished evils.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Intelligent motherhood conserves the nation's best crop? Heavy eating like heavy drinking shortens life?

The registration of sickness is even more important than the registration of deaths?

The U. S. Public Health Service co-operates with state and local authorities to improve rural sanitation?

Many a severe cold ends in tuberculosis?

Sedentary habits shorten life? Neglected adenoids and defective teeth in childhood menace adult health?

A low infant mortality rate indicates high community intelligence?

FOR SALE:—Will sacrifice for quick sale, my 20 acres of land situated 1/2 mile south of city limits on route 8, suitable for poultry raising, or to subdivide, what a lot offered. For particulars inquire of H. Gottfried, R. 6, Box 28.

If You've Got The Goods

You may know the pinch of famine, You may know the clutch of debt, There may be but little lamb in Any fricassee you get.

All the dubs may try to flop you Any trick to lay you low, But they cannot really stop you, If you've got the goods to show.

They may knock you down and trample On the wares you have to sell, They may hand you out a sample Of a little bit of h——!

They may turn on you and thunder "Back, you lobster, to the woods," But they cannot keep you under If you've really got the goods.

True, it's hard for you to suffer What you know you don't deserve, But it rather makes you tougher And it stiffens up your nerve.

Let 'em slam, and damn, and flout you, Bear it all as best you can, But the world can't do without you If you've got the goods, Old Man.

—Westclox Tick-Talk.

Ten Years Ago

What did you think you would be worth today? Didn't have much idea did you, but you were sure you would be pretty well fixed financially.

ARE YOU?

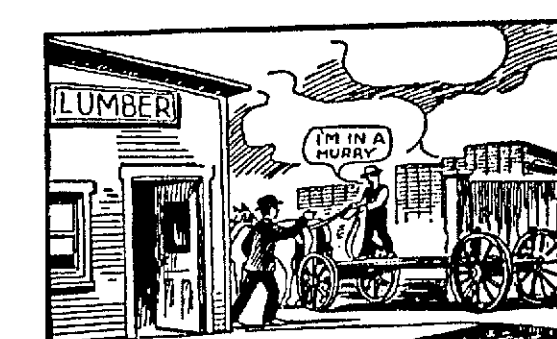
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It should have been your first lesson

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Grand Rapids, Wis.



2228

Our Stock Is Such

that you may always depend on finding here just

What You Want When You Want It.

None of our customers have ever had to postpone their building operations because we couldn't supply their needs.

SEE US FOR LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIAL

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M. G. GORDON, Manager

JENSEN & EBBE, Agents.

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STEINBERG'S JULY CLEARANCE SALE

July Clearance Sale Trimmings at One-Half Price Sat. July 8th to Sat. 15th Ladies', Misses and Children's Coats and Ladies' Suits, reduced 1-2 price.

This is the Big Mid-Season Merchandising Event for Grand Rapids. We have cut the price on all summer and other goods quoted in this advertisement to make them move quickly. Every article quoted is a bargain at the price. Come in early before the stock is depleted and get your choice of these bargains.

To buy shoes now means to save. We are going out of the shoe business in order to have more room for our ready-to-wear department and must sell our entire stock of shoes at once. Large line of Children's, Ladies' and Men's shoes and slippers to be sold at below cost.

WASH GOODS

Now is the time to buy dress goods at a great reduction. 25c and 30c voiles and lace cloth, July Clearance Sale 19c

10c gingham, at our July Clearance Sale 8c

15c and 20c voiles at our July Clearance Sale per yard 12c

\$1.00 messalines, at our July Clearance Sale per yard 79c

7c calicoes at our July Clearance Sale, per yard 5c

7c toweling, at our July Clearance Sale per yard 5c

Children's 25c colored aprons, at our July Clearance Sale, each 19c

\$1.25 ladies house dresses, at our July Clearance Sale each 98c

Ladies' \$3.50 dresses at our July Clearance Sale only \$2.77

\$10.00 silk poplin dresses at our July Clearance Sale only \$5.98

\$20.00 taffeta silk dresses at our July Clearance Sale price only \$13.50

Women's union suits, 35c values, July Clearance Sale 19c

Women's gauze vests, regular price 25c, July Clearance Sale 19c

Men's 50c shirts and drawers, July Clearance Sale 39c

Men's 50c work shirts, July Clearance Sale 38c

Boys' 50c shirts, July Clearance Sale 38c

Bathing suits for boys at this Clearance Sale only 19c

Ladies' bathing suits at this Clearance Sale at \$1.79, \$2.25, \$2.98

July Specials

6 packages hair pins at this Clearance Sale 5c

5c pearl buttons, Clearance Sale, 2 for 5c

Shoe laces, July Clearance Sale 6 pair for 5c

Ladies' white handkerchiefs at this Clearance Sale, 6 for 5c

Ladies' 10c black hose, Clearance Sale per pair 7c

Men's 25c suspenders, July Clearance Sale price only 15c

8c muslin, at our July Clearance Sale per yard only 5c

Lace values up to 10c at our July Clearance Sale only per yard 5c

Children's 65c dresses, July Clearance Sale only 48c

25c garden hats at our July Clearance Sale only 19c

\$1.00 long silk gloves, black and white, July Clearance Sale at 79c

Waists

A beautiful line of new waists at 98c to \$3.00

Ladies' 75c waists, July Clearance Sale only 43c

Blue and white striped middies, July Clearance Sale \$1.29

60c lace curtains, at our July Clearance Sale only 39c

\$1.25 Children's gingham dresses, at our July Clearance Sale only 88c

\$1.25 middies, at this July Clearance Sale only 89c

Boys' rompers at this July Clearance Sale at 25c and 45c

Boys' blouses at our July Clearance Sale only 21c

LOCAL ITEMS

Cleve Akay has taken a position with the Normington Laundry.

Miss Bernice Lester is visiting relatives at Muskegon this week.

Miss Pauline Wheeler is visiting friends in Fond du Lac.

Tony Haydock of Biron received his new Buick touring car on Friday.

Miss Maude Waterman has returned from a visit with her sister, Edith, at Muskegon.

Mrs. W. E. Brown and daughter, Bernadine, are spending some time in Duluth visiting relatives.

Jack Dillon of Charles City, Iowa, was a guest at the George Forand home the past week.

Mrs. Conlara has returned from La Crosse, where she spent several days visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nills returned on Thursday from Colby, where they spent the Fourth with relatives.

Miss Esther Eberhardt of Minneapolis is spending her vacation with her parents in this city.

Mrs. Emil Oestrich has returned from Baraboo, where she spent a week with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Daly have returned from a two weeks' camping trip near Tomahawk.

Mrs. George Anderson of Milwaukee is in the city for a visit with her mother, Mrs. Charles Podawiltz.

Mayor Ellis and family autowed to Merrill on Saturday and spent Sunday at the A. H. Stange home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Nugent and children of Wausau are visiting at the A. Marceau home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Walsh expect to leave the latter part of the week for Wild Rose, where they will spend several days camping.

Miss Hattie Brandenburg of Portage spent several days the past week in the city a guest of Miss Jessie Gorman.

Miss Mas Howlett of Green Bay is in the city on her way from Portland, Ore., where she has been teaching school.

Mr. and Mrs. Lew Eron, Mrs. Ben Hanson and Mrs. Landry drove to Wausau on Sunday in the Eron car and spent the day on the lakes.

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Mrs. O. Hoskinson and daughter, Dagmar, of Chicago, returned to their home on Monday after a week's visit at the John Lindahl home in the town of Rudolph.

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Mr. Christ Nissen and daughters, Irma and Ethel, left on Sunday for Bradward, Minn., where they will spend two weeks camping and visiting at the Joseph Vadnais home. Mrs. Vadnais was formerly Miss Eva Nissen.

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Charles Erlund, one of the solid farmers of the town of Rudolph, was a pleasant caller at this office on Friday. Mr. Erlund recently returned from the hospital at Green Bay, where he had been for a month having submitted to a surgical operation. He reports himself feeling fine and that crops out his way will be good this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Reichel, daughter Inez and son Fred, and Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Johnson, returned on Wednesday for Sturgeon Bay, where they will spend several days visiting friends and relatives. The party intended to take in the sights over there during the cherry picking season, which starts next week. The orchards there are expected to be one of the largest single orchards in the world being located there.

Frank O'Connor has been appointed U. S. marshal for this district.

Miss Marie Looze has returned from a visit at Green Bay.

Miss Mildred Phillee is visiting relatives in Muskegon this week.

Ray Lane is spending a week at Boulder Junction fishing.

Mrs. F. J. Natwick is visiting friends in Antigo.

R. L. Nash was on the sick list on Tuesday.

Mrs. Staub of Cleveland is a guest of her son, Oe Staub.

Mrs. Anton Gibbs has returned from a visit with relatives at Plainfield.

Miss Emma Anderson of Wausau is visiting at the Axel Anderson home.

Paul Semrow was in Oshkosh on Tuesday to take the state plumbers' examination.

Ed Provost of the town of Rudolph has purchased a Studebaker touring car of Huntington Lesig.

Court Reporter Robert Morse of Stevens Point is in the city attending the court.

Attorney Vedder of Sparta is in the city on business, having a case at the Court House.

Mrs. Casper Gurtler and Harold Leck are guests of Miss Bertha Liberman in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Wm. Kellogg spent Monday and Tuesday with relatives in Neceh.

Miss Ruth McCamley spent several days the past week with friends in Stevens Point.

Miss Vinnie Turbin of Chicago is a guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Turbin.

Miss Emma Boucher of Indianapolis arrived home the past week for an extended visit with her mother.

Mrs. Kerr of La Crosse has returned to her home after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. J. Garhke.

Dan Karnatz, who is located at St. Paul, returned to his work there after spending a few days in the city with his parents.

Miss Edna Harvie of Hot Springs, Ark., is in the city for an extended visit, a guest of Miss Nathalie Sanford.

Mrs. T. E. Mullen, Miss Mae Hollett and Howard Mullen motored over to Wausau today and spent the day on the lakes.

Mrs. Wm. O'Brien has returned to her home in Milwaukee the past several days the past week, guests at the home of Mr. Stanger's parents.

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Miss Lillian Clapp is spending her vacation at Oconomowoc.

Mrs. Frank Mazur of Chicago is visiting friends in the city.

M. O. Potter has returned from a business trip to Rabey, Minn.

Mrs. Sarah Steinberg visited with friends in Wausau on Sunday.

Miss Edna Roach of Fond du Lac is in the city a guest of Miss Irene Laramie.

Mrs. Charles Halverson and children have gone to Wausau to visit a few days.

Mrs. Robert Morse of Stevens Point is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stahl.

Mr. and Mrs. George K. Gibson and Mr. and Mrs. Richard Gibson are spending a week at Shell Lake.

Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Rowley are up from Oshkosh to spend a few days at the home of F. P. Daly home.

Miss Ruth Mink is enjoying a two weeks' vacation from her duties at the Johnson and Hill Co's store.

Herman Ristow is in Milwaukee, where he represents the West Side Lutheran Church at a Synod in that city.

Miss Edna McSwain has returned from a visit at Eau Claire and has entered upon her duties as assistant librarian.

Ed Spafford left last night for Madison, where he went to attend the funeral of Mr. William Hambrecht.

Fred Beell of Marshfield was a pleasant caller at this office on Wednesday, having been on the jury in this city the past week.

Miss Lydia Pratt and Inez Cummings of Plainfield left for their home last night for a two weeks' vacation with Miss Bertha Yand.

Grant Babcock has resigned his position at Biron and will leave in the near future for Marinette, where he has accepted a similar position.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hatch, daughter Carroll and son, Arthur, returned the first of the week from an auto trip through the western part of the state.

Mrs. Houston, Clark and Bandelin have returned from a fishing trip to the northern part of the state. They report that the fishing was not very good.

Mayor Cohen has purchased some property near the Hixby Club House on the Wisconsin river near Biron and will erect a club house on the property in the near future.

Martin Grouley has resigned his position at the Johnson Hill Company store and on Sunday evening left for Boston, Mass. Mr. Grouley will enter one of the large linen mills.

Christ Henshell appeared in Judge Calkins' court on Tuesday charged with using abusive language to a complainant being Pearl King. Henshell paid his fine and was allowed to go.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Ecklund and daughters have returned to their home in Berlin, Minn., after visiting friends in the city the past couple of weeks. They made the trip by auto.

An Overland car went off the cement road near the village of Port Edwards at a late hour last night, the result being that a couple of the occupants of the car were badly bruised. The car was the property of out of town people and was damaged to a considerable extent.

According to the Stevens Point Journal the officers of Plover are carrying on an active campaign against speeders and are meeting with considerable success. It may prove to be economy for the city that travel over there to bear this in mind.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sharkey, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Dupre, Mose and Maud Sharkey of Mosinee, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Sharkey of Rudolph were visitors at the poor farm on Monday. The party spent a pleasant day there, after which they went to the John Akay home at Rudolph and enjoyed a card party.

The West Side Lutheran congregation have issued a call to Prof. O. Kuhlman to leave the property of the pulpit in the West Side Lutheran Church, to fill the vacancy made by the removal of Rev. Nomsen to Hustisford. Prof. Kuhlman has been located at Watertown for a number of years and is well known to the people for the position.

Mr. and Mrs. Nomsen intend to take his departure from this city about the first of August and takes the good will of Grand Rapids people to his new home.

Gerald and Loren Matthews, Fred Reichel and Francis Pomalville of this city, will leave for Sturgeon Bay, where they will pick cherries. The boys are going under the supervision of the State Y. M. C. A. and will be under their direction. The rules governing the party allow for a certain time for recreation and makes the boys pay \$2.00 per week out of their earnings for board, the balance they earn being for themselves.

The work of tearing down the building formerly occupied by H. Leif as a tailor shop and the Slicks barber shop was started on Monday morning and will be completed by the work will be started on the new Citizens' National Bank. The tearing down of the Slicks barber shop marks the destiny of one of the old buildings in the city, it having been erected in the early sixties ago. Mr. Slicks has conducted a barber shop in the same building for the past thirty years and will now move across the street to the old Johnson & Hill grocery store building.

Waukesha Dispatch: The A. G. Barnes trained animal show which exhibited here on Monday, sustained a severe loss by the suffocation of two trained lions, while the show was en route from Sheboygan to this city. The animals were given the humane treatment and the hot weather is supposed to have caused their death. Mr. Barnes has presented two claws taken from Sampson, one of the dead brutes, to Mr. and Mrs. George F. Cable, this city, who in a breast pin and as a watch fob. Mr. and Mrs. Cable spent Tuesday and Wednesday as guests of the show at Racine and Lake Geneva.

MECHAN.

Mr. D. H. Parks and Mrs. Anna Platt have purchased new Ford automobiles which were reported last.

Mrs. Laura Smart of Merrill visited friends here last week. She will be kindly remembered here by old friends as Miss Laura Wells.

Mr. M. L. Barden is the new member of the school board, having been elected treasurer at the last annual school meeting.

Mr. J. S. Durfee of Wausau expects to move his family and household goods up here some time this week.

Edward and Walter Christman started for the harvest fields of North Dakota. They expect to stay out there until the autumn work begins at home.

Mr. L. Peterson of Rosholt, who is a candidate for county sheriff, was a political caller here last week.

Mike McMan of Stevens Point was here last week selling King Co. remedies. He has a good trade through here and a string of satisfied customers.

The local Sunday school has decided to hold its annual picnic Saturday, August 5, on the church grounds.

Clyde Kinney is building a new barn on his place which makes a nice addition to his home buildings.

Mosquitoes are not the only things that can be found in the woods now. For if you inquire of the folks who are searching the slashes, "What do you seek?" they most always respond, "blueberries."

RUDOLPH.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Grandshaw of Mosinee spent the Fourth here. Grandshaw returned home Wednesday morning, while Mrs. Grandshaw spent the week here visiting with relatives and friends. She returned home Monday noon.

Wallace Hill of North Dakota spent several days here the past week visiting his best girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Case of the poor farm were seen among our Fourth of July callers.

Mr. and Mrs. McCarthy of your city autowed up here the Fourth.

Chester Whitman, who is employed at almond, spent the Fourth here with his best girl.

Paul Clerk is taking a vacation from his duties as "Hello Girl."

Ruth Kinney is filling the vacancy of Mrs. Ed Sharkey and children of your city spent the Fourth here.

John B. Hanson, who has made his home on the Oscar Croteau farm for some time past, has moved his family west where they will make their future home.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Haunschild were called to Loyal, Wis., on business. Mrs. F. S. Root and daughter Verna accompanied them as far as Neillsville, where they visited relatives. They returned home Sunday evening.

Leonard Haunschild of Pittsville is building barns for D. D. Conway and Mrs. Mary Morgan.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clark were callers in Milladore Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Clausen De Long and son Alva, of Edgar, departed Wednesday for their home after spending two weeks at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Akey.

Edwin De Rucha of Stevens Point is visiting at the home of his uncle, Peter Akey.

Mr. and Mrs. Arlon of Junction City, and Mrs. Ed Hayes of your city spent Wednesday afternoon with their friend, Mrs. K. J. Marsaus.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Bates and Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Omholt of Biron spent the Fourth here.

Mrs. Louie Zimmerman and two children of your city spent the past week with relatives here.

FOR RENT—Farm house, inquire of Oscar Croteau.

Irvin Whitmore and family of Ladysmith autowed down here to spend the Fourth here. Mr. Whitmore returned home Saturday and Mr. Whitmore and children will spend some time with her relatives here and in your city.

Nick Ratelie mixed cement for D. C. Conway's new barn. It was 16x18 and 7 inches thick, which will be a driveway.

The sisters at the Catholic school have all gone away on their retreat.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Korach returned home Tuesday evening from Madison, where they spent several days.

Oscar Croteau and family and brother-in-law and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schibe of Detroit, Mich., were visitors at the Croteau farm Sunday.

Mrs. N. G. Ratelie, daughters Bernice, Alice and Mrs. Len Schneider, spent Wednesday afternoon in your city. Bernice visited until Saturday evening with her Grandma Baker.

Messrs. and Messdames Frank Sharkey and Joe Dupre of Mosinee surprised their brother-in-law and Mose Saturday noon and had a pleasant visit until Tuesday morning. Mrs. Joe Dupre is a sister of the Sharkeys. They all spent Monday afternoon in your city, where they enjoyed themselves.

Denis Ratelie and Leon Schneider went to your city Sunday on their bicycles.

Mrs. Alfred Akey, son Jeffrey and daughters, Mrs. Will Fobart and little daughter, Mrs. Jean Croteau and children of Biron, spent Wednesday at the Peter Akey home.

Last Week's Items

Mr. and Mrs. John Raynone, who spent the past year in your city, returned here the last of July and have again taken possession of their property.

Mr. Raynone is feeling very much better.

Mr. and Mrs. Schibe returned to their home in Detroit on Thursday and were accompanied by Charles Jolp and family, who will make their future home there.

John Kujawa is attending summer hold into the front part of Krebsbach's building.

John Kujawa is attending summer school in Stevens Point.

Mrs. John Wilkins entertained the West Side Ladies' Aid at the home of Mrs. Walter Dickson was elected president to fill the vacancy caused by Mrs. Elmer Croteau going away. Dr. Jackson held the lucky number, which drew the organ raffle by the society. The doctor was so kind as to return it to the society.

WESTERS DECLINE TO COMPLETE THEIR MATCH

Omaha, Neb., July 11.—The final act in the Stecher-Lewis wrestling match called off Friday when both Stecher and Lewis were handed certified checks for \$5,022 as their share of the gate receipts, which totaled \$18,741. The money was paid over by Promoter Gene Melady after he had exhausted every effort to have the wrestling match continued to a finish, regardless of the time necessary.

MARSHFIELD COMPANY HAVE LEFT FOR THE FRONT

The Marshfield Company and band left for the front on Monday along with the rest of the regiment and are now very near their destination. The Marshfield boys are all reported to be anxious to get down there, in fact, the entire regiment having expressed the wish that they would be able to get to the border immediately.

WITDORE

George Huser and Herman Arnold went to Minnesota last week to work on a dredge.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wippl are rejoicing over the birth of a baby boy at their home Wednesday, July 5.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hann of Rudolph visited relatives here Sunday. Ray Davis spent a couple of days at home last week.

A Huser was elected district clerk for the next three years.

Schiltie Bros., Frank Wippl and W. H. Loocy have their new silos erected.

Peter Wirtz, Jr., arrived home from Racine last Wednesday.

Mrs. Severo Primeau is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Frank Newman, of Mosinee.

Dan Van Linden of Tony, who has been visiting at the Fred Mosher and Lewis Baldwin homes, returned to his home last Wednesday. He was accompanied home by his cousin, Miss Lucilla Baldwin, who will spend a few weeks visiting relatives at Tony.

Phone 873 Consultation Free

A. H. FACHE, D. C.

Chiropractor.

Room 7, MacKinnon Block.

Consultation hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m.

Lady Anderson.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

W. T. LYLE

Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director.

Lady Attendant if desired.

Office 885. Res. phone 886

Night phone 886. Day phone 885

Store on West Side.

You Will Be Intoxicated

with pleasure after you have seen how excellently Victoria Flour bakes. Let your wife try it and we wager you will find the meals twice as appetizing.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

EXTRACTS

From the last published statement of the

WOOD COUNTY NATIONAL BANK

Grand Rapids, Wis.

Capital	\$ 100,000.00
Surplus and Profits	130,526.89
Cash and Exchange	229,333.27
Investments	1,142,449.89
Deposits	1,193,556.27
Total Resources	1,525,283.16

Your account regardless of its size is appreciated at this bank

Wood County National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.

SAFETY SERVICE

Here We Are As Predicted

A warm dry July with good hay and corn prospects. Stay in the field all you can

We have Cultivators, Sprayers, Paris Green, Side Delivery and Self Dump Rakes, Loadless Mowers, Etc. Get busy and make this a banner year for Wisconsin.

Nash Hardware Co.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

WORK AND WORRY

That is how the man who does not prepare for the future regards life. But the man who works and saves part of each pay check always wears that "satisfied savor's smile." Smile up.

Start To Save Today

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

"The Bank that does things for you."

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Miss Pauline Wheeler is visiting friends in Fond du Lac.

Tony Haydock of Biron received his new Buick touring car on Friday.

Miss Maude Waterman has returned from a visit with her sister, Edna, at Racine.

Mrs. W. E. Brown and daughter, Bernice, are spending some time in Duluth visiting relatives.

Jack Dillon of Charles City, Iowa, was a guest at the George Forand home the past week.

Mrs. Constance has returned from La Crosse, where she spent several days visiting with friends.

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Mr. and Mrs. L. Reichel, daughter Inez and son Fred, and Mr. and Mrs. C. Jaspersen of Port Edwards, left Wednesday for Sturgeon Bay, where they will spend several days visiting friends and relatives. The party is bound to take in the sights over there during the cherry picking season, which starts next week. The orchards there are exceptional ones, the largest and finest in the world being located there.

Frank O'Connor has been appointed U. S. marshal for this district.

Miss Marie Looze has returned from a visit at Green Bay.

Miss Mildred Philcox is visiting relatives in Manawa this week.

Ray Love is spending a week at Boulder Junction fishing.

Mrs. F. J. Natwick is visiting friends in Antigo.

R. L. Nash was on the sick list on Tuesday.

Mrs. Staub of Cleveland is a guest of her son, O. Staub.

Mrs. Anton Gibbs has returned from a visit with relatives at Plainfield.

Miss Emma Anderson of Wausau is visiting at the Axel Anderson home.

Paul Somrow was in Oshkosh on Tuesday to take the state plumbers' examination.

Ed Provost of the town of Rudolph has purchased a Studebaker touring car of Huntington Leslie.

Court Reporter Robert Morse of Stevens Point was in the city attending to court cases.

Attorney Vedder of Sparta is in the city on business, having a case at the Court House.

Mrs. Casper Gurtler and Harold Looze are guests of Miss Bertha Gurtler in Milwaukee.

Mrs. Wm. Kellogg spent Monday and Tuesday with relatives in Neesham.

Miss Ruth McCannley spent several days the past week with friends in Stevens Point.

Miss Winnie Turbin of Chicago is a guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Turbin.

Miss Emma Boetcher of Indianapolis arrived home the past week for an extended visit with her mother.

Mrs. Kerr of La Crosse has returned to her home after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. J. Garichee.

Don Kerkatz, who is located at St. Paul, returned to his home after spending a few days in the city with his parents.

Miss Edna Harvie of Hot Springs, Ark., is in the city for an extended visit, a guest of Miss Nathalie Spafford.

Mrs. T. E. Mullen, Miss Mae Hollett and Howard Mullen motored over to Wausau today and spent the day on the lakes.

Mrs. Wm. O'Brien has returned to her home in Milwaukee the past week after spending several days in the city a guest of Mrs. Schlatterer.

Mrs. Moses Blair of the town of Rudolph was a pleasant caller at this office on Tuesday while in the city shopping.

Mrs. John Stare and nieces, Ruth and Elizabeth, have returned to their home on Monday after visiting with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Kaltefleiter have returned from a two weeks' visit in Fond du Lac and Stevens Point.

Mrs. Joe Fritzsche and baby are spending several days visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Fritzsche in the town of Rudolph.

Miss Caroline Oberbeck returned to her home in Chicago on Sunday after several weeks' visit with relatives in this city.

Miss Viola Pavlick of Mosinee spent several days the past week in the city, coming down to visit her sister, Miss Esther Pavlick.

—Going to business college? The Wisconsin Business University, of La Crosse, is famous for successful graduates. Send for free catalog. It is free.

Edgar Kellogg is in Almond this week where he has charge of the Kellogg Bros. Lumber Company yards.

Dr. and Mrs. Kleckbush are in charge of the Winter Hotel during the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Gerow, who are spending their vacation in Michigan.

Leo Larson left for his home in Wautoma the latter part of the week, where he will join his parents in celebrating his thirtieth birthday.

Ed. Kuchmann, who was spending his vacation with a camping party at Wausau, returned here the latter part of the week to take up his duties at the Wood Drug Company.

Mr. Christ Nissen and daughters, Irma and Ethel, left on Sunday for Brainerd, Minn., where they will spend two weeks camping and visiting at the Joseph Vadala home. Mrs. Vadala was formerly Miss Eva Nissen.

Howard Fish and wife of Madison are spending several days in the city calling on old friends. Mr. Fish was formerly clerk at the Dixon Hotel and has many friends here who are pleased to hear that he is prospering.

John Alexander, Sherman Sykes, Fred Rogan, Mildred MacDonald, Harlow Shinn and Mr. Pratt of Wausau drove to Marshfield on Thursday, where they will spend the day at the Joseph Vadala home. Pratt and Sykes joined a camping party that will spend some time enjoying an outing near Green Bay.

Henry Getzinger of the town of Sigel was a caller at the Tribune on Saturday while in the city. Mr. Getzinger reported that the party had been pretty warm out his way for working but is making the crops sit up and take notice.

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Roentus left on Thursday for Richmond, where Mrs. Roentus will spend the time with her parents. Mr. Roentus will leave Richmond for the east, stopping at Baltimore to attend the National Elks' convention and later going on to New York on business.

George Knutson, one of the solid farmers of the town of Saratoga, was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Tuesday, having come in to advance his subscription to the paper for another year. Mr. Knutson reports that the crops down his place will be good this year.

John Rouhan, secretary of the Progressive Co-operative Creamery Co. of Sigel, was a pleasant caller at this office on Saturday, while in the city on business. Mr. Rouhan is one of the substantial farmers out that way and has a nice farm that he reports as coming along in good shape since the warm weather.

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Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Jackson are at Antigo this week.

Mrs. Robert Hampton is spending a few days in Manitowoc.

Mrs. Chas. Wassner has gone to Green Bay to visit her son, Wm. Wassner.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Corcoran have gone to Norwalk to spend the summer.

W. J. Sullivan of Merrill was in the city on Sunday visiting with friends.

Rogers Mott was a business visitor in Madison a couple of days the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Newman of Milwaukee are guests at the William Wright home.

Leslie Kinzell of Merrill is in the city, a guest at the E. W. Ellis and Roy Rogers homes.

Elmer Bach of Milwaukee has returned to his home after a visit at the Joe Rick home.

Mrs. Ben Hager left the first of the week for Jefferson for a visit with Mr. Hager's relatives.

Beryl Winn of Granton was a guest at the Potter and Winn homes in the city the first of the week.

Mrs. Albert Behrend and Miss Rose Jensen are spending several days in Milwaukee visiting friends.

Mrs. Peter Doyle of Medford is in the city a guest at the Peter McCannley and Mrs. N. Johnson homes.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving Whitmore of Ladysmith are spending several days this week at the Arthur Rockwood home.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Whitlock and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stahl visited at the Schmelling home in Wausau one day the past week.

Rev. C. A. Mellick leaves Friday for Lake Okauch, where he will address a religious gathering that is assembled there this week.

There will be an ice cream social at the First Moravian Church Thursday afternoon and evening, beginning in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Soafes and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bennett left the first of the week for an auto trip through the northern part of the state.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Blodgett, daughters Lucille and Ruth, son Guy and Miss Charlotte Anderson of Marshfield were visitors in the city on Sunday.

The Consolidated Water Power & Paper Company have purchased a large quantity of Chausauk timber, which they are distributing among their employees.

Don Johnson has accepted a position with the Hart Manufacturing Company and on Thursday left for Spencer on business for the company. He returned on Friday.

A. B. Sturtevant departed this morning for Milwaukee to attend a meeting of the Wisconsin Democratic Press Association, of which organization he is the secretary.

Dr. Mearns, who was one of the medical inspectors down at Camp Douglas, has completed his work and returned to his home here on Wednesday. Mr. Merrill has opened his office again in this city.

Ad. Peth, traveling salesman for the Peck Candy Company of Wausau, was injured in an automobile accident at Plum Lake which resulted in minor injuries. He was taken to Wausau and his injuries are reported as not serious.

Mr. Louis Akey and daughter, Priscilla, and Miss Dorothy McTavish, left on Tuesday for Wausau, where the young ladies will enter Widener college. Mrs. Akey will remain in Wausau and keep house for them.

Announcement has been made of the approaching marriage of Miss Francis Babcock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Grant Babcock, and Raymond J. Sutor, which will take place July 25 at St. Peter and Paul's Catholic Church.

O. Radtke, who has been employed as bill clerk for the St. Paul road in this city for some time past, has resigned his position and George Bankert, who has been acting as ticket agent for the company, will succeed him. Ward Johnson will assume the duties of ticket agent.

Word has been received here announcing the marriage of Eugene Love, of Winnipeg, Canada, and Miss Leona D'Onick. Mr. Love is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Love of this city and holds a responsible position with the Canadian Northern railway.

Chas. L. Larson of the town of Saratoga was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office Tuesday while in the city on business. Mr. Larson reports that things have been growing good down his way and that his clover crop was very good, but that a little rain would be appreciated.

The Wisconsin State Fair Association have included in their prize list for this year several cash prizes on cranberries, these berries having heretofore received no recognition in the contests conducted there. While the prizes are not large, it at least shows that the importance of the crop is being recognized and is pleasing to the growers.

Plainfield Sun: A pleasant family reunion was held at the John Conable home in this city Tuesday. Those who were present were Mr. and Mrs. I. Meddaugh of Grand Rapids, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Welcott and family, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Mitchell and family of Leola. A beautiful dinner was prepared and the day was most enjoyably spent by all.

A number of the clerks at the Weiss store entertained Miss Rose Knutson at a party on Wednesday the past week, very enjoyable time being the result. Miss Metzger received a number of beautiful and useful gifts and declares her friends report that she is the luckiest girl in the city. She will be united in marriage soon to Alex A. Woodward of Madison.

The Stevens Point Daily Journal has come out with a new paper, having changed from a patent inside four page paper to an eight page all home print paper. The change will mean a big improvement for the paper, which is one of the best small town dailies in the state, and means that the people of the city are being offered some of the best that can be obtained in the newspaper line.

Members of the school board have decided to close the school which has been kept at the South Side the coming year, the pupils who have been attending this institution to be sent to the public schools in the city in the future. In this way some expense will be saved and at the same time pupils will be offered more modern facilities with which to work. Attempts to do this previous years have failed with disfavor by the parents down there.

Word from Mr. and Mrs. Charles Natwick is to the effect that they are enjoying their eastern trip very much, at present being in New York. They have visited most of the large eastern cities, including Washington, Baltimore, Atlantic City and Philadelphia, and expect to be home the latter part of this week. They will make their home in the Wells residence for the next few weeks until they are able to make different arrangements.

The Marshfield Company and band left for the front on Monday along with the rest of the regiment and are now very near their destination. The Marshfield boys are all reported to be anxious to get to the front, and the entire regiment having expressed the wish that they would be able to get to the front immediately.

Miss Lillian Chapp is spending her vacation at Oconomowoc.

Mrs. Frank Mazur of Chicago is visiting friends in the city.

M. O. Potter has returned from a business trip to Rabey, Minn.

Mrs. Sarah Steinberg visited with friends in Wausau on Sunday.

Miss Edna Roach of Fond du Lac is in the city a guest of Miss Irene Laramie.

Mrs. Charles Halverson and children have gone to Wausau to visit a few days.

Mrs. Robert Morse of Stevens Point is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stahl.

Mrs. George K. Gibson and Mr. and Mrs. Richard Gibson are spending a week at Shell Lake.

Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Rowley are up from Oshkosh to spend a few days at the Mrs. F. P. Daly home.

Miss Ruth Mindak is enjoying a two weeks' vacation at her duties at the John Hill Co. Hill Co. store.

Herman Ristow is in Milwaukee, where he represents the West Side Lutheran Church at a Synod in that city.

Miss Edna McSwain has returned from a visit at Eau Claire and has entered upon her duties as assistant librarian.

Ed Spafford left last night for Madison, where he went to attend the funeral of Mr. William Hambrecht.

Fred Beell of Marshfield was a pleasant caller at this office on Wednesday, having been on the jury in the city the past week.

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CARRANZA NOTE STOPS WAR TALK

MEXICAN RULER PROMISES TO
PREVENT FURTHER CAUSES
FOR FRICTION.

U. S. MAKES FRIENDLY REPLY

President Wilson Willing to Enter
Discussion for Settlement of
Questions, But Insists on
Border Protection.

Washington, July 8.—General Carranza's reply to the American note of June 20, and the ultimatum of June 25, has ended for the time being all war talk in Washington. High administration officials, after hastily scanning the document delivered to the state department, say that it seems to open up a way for a speedy adjustment of all differences between the government and the de facto government of Mexico.

Model of Brevity.

The note, a model of brevity, signed by Foreign Minister Aguilar, breathes conciliation in its every paragraph. And, while it insists that the presence of American troops on Mexican soil—which is characterized as a trespass on the sovereignty of Mexico—is the immediate cause of the conflicts between the governments, General Carranza for the first time personally assumes part of the blame by admitting that the insecurity of the frontier gives the United States a just cause for complaint against his government. By doing so, officials say, he ties the hands of the administration so far as any aggressive military measures in Mexico proper are concerned, and opens the way to a diplomatic parley to settle all points in dispute.

American Reply Is Friendly.

President Wilson is prepared to enter into a discussion with General Carranza, which will settle once and for all the questions between the American and de facto governments. The American reply to the conciliatory note from General Carranza, prepared by Secretary Lansing, expresses the satisfaction of the administration with the tone adopted by the "first chief" and will declare that the American government is animated by an equally sincere desire to obtain a solution of the questions at issue based upon friendship, justice and fair dealing.

It indicates that the United States is willing to withdraw troops from Mexico under the belief that General Trevino now is able to protect American interests, but demands that Carranza proceed to hold elections and carry out the purposes of his recognition by the American government.

Border First Essential.

It is the view of the president that the "protection of the frontier," referred to by General Carranza as one of the "two essential problems" concerning the two governments, is in fact the most important problem, the withdrawal of American troops which General Carranza cited as the first "essential problem" being subsidiary thereto.

Indicating his belief that the differences between the two countries now can be adjusted, Secretary Lansing announced that he would start for his home at Watertown, N. Y., for a month's vacation. He will leave the department in the hands of Counselor Frank Polk, who becomes acting secretary.

Will Not Recall Militia.

Though convinced that the danger of war with Mexico has passed the war department stands by its original intention to send all of the militia originally called to the border.

It has been suggested that forces not already entrained might be held at their mobilization camps, but the department said officially there has been no change in plans and that none is in prospect.

Department commanders have been authorized to give physical defects in cases pertaining to officers and enlisted men in accordance with their judgment, the war press bureau announced. The effect of the order will be greatly to speed up mustering in of militia organizations which have been held in camp because of shortages of officers and men.

Order Excuses Married Men.

Married men who have families dependent on them will be excused from service in the national guard units of the country during their present mobilization for Mexican border service. Secretary of War Baker made this announcement. The discharge with honor will be given. Under the order a dependent father or mother may also be excused from service.

Secretary Baker and his advisers

Discipline for "Slackers."

Washington.—The militia "slackers," those who decline to take the federal oath, bringing them under complete jurisdiction of the president, will be punished by being kept in training camps at points of mobilization and given the severest kind of training.

Kansas Troops Leave.

Fort Riley, Kans.—A battery, field artillery, hospital corps, and the Kansas Signal corps departed from here for the border.

Division Is Delayed.

San Antonio, Tex.—The southern department of the army will not be divided into three sections as planned, at least for some time. Reasons for the probable delay could not be ascertained.

Optimism Supreme.

Optimism is the great producer. It is hope, life. It contains everything which produces and enjoys.—Orison Sweet Marden.

Had Heard Him.

Teacher—"What does hum-bat spell, Elmer?"
Small Elmer—"Dunno."
Teacher—"Don't you know what your father does when he loses his collar button?"
Small Elmer—"Yes, ma'am. He says things."

No Trick About It.

Alice, aged three, stood watching her mother baking pancakes. After a few moments' silent observation she said: "That's easy; put on back, turn on stomach, then eat."

TEXT OF CARRANZA NOTE

"Washington, D. C., July 4, 1916.
"Mr. Secretary:
"I have the honor to transmit in continuation the text of a note I have just received from my government with instructions to present it to your excellency:
"Mr. Secretary:
"Referring to the notes of June 20 and 25 last, I have the honor to say to your excellency that the immediate release of the Carranza prisoners was a further proof of the sincerity of the desires of this government to reach a pacific and satisfactory arrangement of present difficulties. This government is anxious to solve the present conflict and it would be unjust if its attitude would be misinterpreted.
"Urges Withdrawal of Troops.
"It was also the Mexican government's earnestly suggested plan for cantonments along the boundary line during the conferences of Ciudad Juarez and El Paso. This government is disposed now, as it has always been, to seek an immediate solution of the two points which constitute the true causes of the conflict between the two countries, to-wit: the American government believes reasonably that the insecurity of its frontier is a source of difficulty, and the Mexican government on its part believes that the stay of American troops on Mexican territory, aside from being trespass on the sovereignty of Mexico, is the immediate cause of the conflict. Therefore, the withdrawal of American troops, on the one hand, and the protection of the frontier, on the other, are the two essential problems, the solution of which must be the directing object of the efforts of both governments.
"The Mexican government is willing to consider in a quick and practical way and prompted by a spirit of concord the remedies which should be applied to the present situation.
"Several Latin-American countries have offered their friendly mediation to the Mexican government, and the latter has accepted it in principle. Therefore, the Mexican government only awaits information that the government of the United States would be disposed to accept this mediation for the purpose mentioned above or whether it is still of the belief that the same results may be obtained by means of direct negotiations between both governments.
"To Avoid New Complications.
"In the meantime this government proposes to employ all its efforts that may be at its disposal to avoid the recurrence of new incidents which may complicate and aggravate the situation. At the same time it hopes that the American government on its part may make all efforts to prevent also any new acts of its military and civil authorities on the frontier that may cause new complications.
"I avail myself of this opportunity to reiterate to your excellency the assurance of my most distinguished consideration.
"C. AGUILAR."

BADGERS ENCAMP ON TEXAS PRAIRIE

FIRST CONTINGENT OF WISCONSIN TROOPS COMPLETES
TRIP TO SAN ANTONIO.

RICHARDSON PUT IN CHARGE

New Brigadier General Takes Formal
Command at Camp Douglas on
July Fourth—Infantry on
Way to the Border.

San Antonio, Texas.—Pitching their tents in a foot of sticky mud, members of Troop A and Battery A, Wisconsin troops, worked hard on arrival here. The troops arrived here at the beginning of the rainy season, and the camp is a field of mud and water. The cooks have been served in the tents, and the men have been forced to cook their own coffee over small fires in their quarters.

The Wisconsin troops are encamped in the middle of a vast prairie that stretches in a straight line for miles and miles until it seems to merge with the sky at the horizon. It is so vast that the regiment is lost on it.

Wisconsin troops are fully equipped, except for horses, and present a striking contrast to the regiments of some of the other states. Other contingents here are sadly lacking in accoutrements. Some of them are without uniforms or guns, and in one of two camps, two men have to eat from one plate, so short are they on necessities of camp life.

The Wisconsin troops have made a splendid showing with their guns and uniforms, and present a better appearance than almost any other guard now encamped here. Orders were issued to equip the troop and battery with olive drab cotton suits similar to those used by the regulars near the Mexican line.

The new wearing apparel includes lighter coats, pants, underwear and socks. Personal clothing must be disposed of.

Society Women Serve Feast.

Society women of San Antonio gave the Wisconsin soldiers a cheering reception. They served the boys with fruit, ice cream and cold drinks, which the recipients found refreshing after their regular daily rations.

Steel motor cars are doing the work of horses here. They haul the heavy cannon, carry the men and haul the water. The troops are here about 10,000 men in the camp here at present. Many have already gone to the border.

Camp Is Active.

The camp is a scene of great activity and it is thought that the troops may be called upon to leave within the next few weeks for border duty.

The Wisconsin troops have received high praise from many officers, who assert that they are the finest guardsmen at the border. The natives of many of the towns throughout which the trains passed mistook them for regulars. The wonderful spirit of the Wisconsin pride in the Badgers has stimulated the men to great efforts.

When the troops arrived here the train was run into an outlying station, where the troops had breakfast. It was then taken to the army post, a few miles beyond the city, where Captains Westphal and Pommer reported to the commanding officer. They were directed to the site chosen for them and all were soon busy unloading equipment and pitching tents in the rain. Not one serious accident or case of sickness marred the trip.

Ride in Regulation Sleepers.

It was at first planned that the men ride in first class day coaches, three by every two seats, so that they would have room to put their feet up to rest, but the railroad company failed to furnish cars that even approached first class and a vigorous complaint by the officers caused regulation sleeping cars to be provided to accommodate all. It cost the government \$1,200 more, but the boys rode in good style and got plenty of sleep.

Bodies Arrive At EL PASO

Those of Two Officers and Seven Troopers of the Tenth Cavalry Are Received With Honors.

Bodies Arrive at El Paso. El Paso, Tex., July 8.—The bodies of Captain Charles Boyd, Lieutenant Adair and seven of the troopers who fell with them in the Mexican trap at Carrizal were turned over to the United States army authorities here. The eleven cavalry relief expedition failed to find the fourteen men of the Tenth Cavalry who are missing. Indeed, it had considerable difficulty in making its own way back to headquarters. The bodies of the officers and such men as can be identified will be shipped to their homes for interment.

New York Sends Cavalry.

New York.—Squadron A, cavalry, 500 strong, and a machine gun company, departed for the border. Squadron A was followed by the first squadron of the First Cavalry.

Six Thousand Arrive at Douglas.

Douglas, Ariz.—The arrival of the Fifth New Jersey regiment increased the number of state troops here to approximately 2,900. With 3,600 regulars, the total number of troops here is nearly 6,400.

Married Men Cannot Enlist.

Washington.—Army recruiting officers have orders not to enlist married men with dependent families. About one applicant in every five for enlistment in the regular army is accepted.

For Alling Pangs.

As an antidote for fungous diseases as well as malaria, time mixed with a little cayenne and stirred into the soil about plants is excellent. This should be used frequently and when the soil is rather dry.

One Woman Thought.

"I hate and loathe the sight of the extravagantly dressed woman nowadays. She infuriates me. She has no right to spend a great deal of money on her body."—Queen.

Pretty Safe Bet.

Little Willie, stretched flat on his stomach, was watching the bucket as it was lowered into an open well at the end of a long rope. Impressed by the great depth, he was finally able to contain himself no longer. "I'll bet that rope is more than half an inch long," he asserted with conviction.

Can Get It Free.

Borrowing trouble is unnecessary. Many people will be delighted to hand you their share for keeps.—Judge.

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Lansing Sends Note to Mexican
Government.

AID ASKED BY FIRST CHIEF

Washington Requested to Help Guard
Border From Bandit Raids—Fears
Outlaws Are on Way to At-
tack Towns.

Washington, July 8.—The state department made public the text of the note sent to the Carranza government in Mexico accepting the latter's offer to settle all differences between the two governments immediately by direct negotiations. The note follows:
"Mr. Secretary:
"I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your courteous note transmitted to me by Senor Arredondo on the 4th instant, in which you refer to my notes of June 20th and June 25th, and to assure you of the sincere gratification of my government at the frank statement of the difficulties which have unfortunately arisen in our relations along the international boundary, and the unreserved expression of the desire of my government to reach an adjustment of these difficulties on a broad and amicable basis.
"Accepts Mexico's Offer.
"The same spirit of friendship and of solidarity for the continuance of cordial relations between our two countries inspires my government, which equally desires an immediate solution of the matters of difference which have long vexed both governments.
"It is especially pleasing to my government that the de facto government of Mexico is disposed to give quick as well as practical consideration to a spirit of concord to the remedies which may be applied to the existing conditions. Reciprocating the same desire, the government of the United States is prepared immediately to exchange views as to a practical plan to remove finally and prevent a recurrence of the difficulties which have been the source of controversy.
"Accept, Mr. Secretary, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration.
"I am, sir,
"Yours very sincerely,
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Washington, July 8.—The de facto government of Mexico is not sure that it can protect the American frontier from bandit raids.

Ambassador Designate Arredondo so notified the state department. And in connection with that notification he suggested that all American troops on the border be unusually active.

This new position assumed by General Carranza and his advisers was a distinct relief to the United States. Orders immediately were rushed to the various commanders all along the line to keep their troops ready for any emergency. The very fact that in admitting that the situation was grave Ambassador Designate Arredondo also said that the threatened trouble came from Villista sources led officials to accept the reports that Villista still is alive and becoming a serious factor in Mexican affairs daily.

Carranza Garrison Suffers. The orders to Arredondo to announce that the situation was serious came direct from General Carranza. According to an official statement issued by the Mexican embassy the Carranza garrison at Corralitos was almost "destroyed" by an attack from the Villistas. Whether Villista was in personal command is not yet known although administration officials feel certain that he was.

Admission in the announcement by the embassy that General Carranza has agreed to "exercise all possible vigilance" south of the border was very pleasing to officials here. The announcement and warning was received by Secretary of State Lansing and President Wilson while the cabinet was in session. It was accepted as indicating a complete change of heart by the de facto government and the cabinet officials are understood to have agreed that, coupled with the latest declaration of principles by Carranza it indicates that there will be no obstacle raised in the way of a complete settlement of the issues at stake.

Asked to Watch Border.

In discussing the communication he received from Carranza, Arredondo said: "I have brought to the attention of the state department the fact that a large band of Villistas attacked our garrison at Corralitos on Wednesday, almost destroying it. Fearing that this band might try to penetrate the desert as far as the border and cause further difficulties between Mexico and the United States, General Carranza has directed the attention of the American government so that all possible vigilance may be exercised on the American side of the border between Equillas and Ojinaga. Mr. Carranza has promised to exercise the same vigilance on the Mexican side."

Nashville Robbed of \$71,167.

Nashville, Tenn., July 8.—The treasury of the city of Nashville was looted of \$71,167.79 by former city officials from 1890 to 1914, according to the final report to the city commission by James Cameron, an expert accountant, who has been auditing the city's books. The commission did not intimate what action it would take on the report.

Spray Calendars.

Nearly every experiment station publishes spray calendars. They contain much valuable information. Apply for them. They are free.

Support for Grape Vine.

A grape vine if properly supported requires very little ground space, but it gives some place to climb it will grow as long as 20 or more feet.

Head Fruit Trees Low.

Head your trees low. They are much easier sprayed.

The Preliminaries.

"We hear a great deal about political preferment," said the inquisitive person.
"Oh, yes. The papers are full of it," answered the practical politician.
"Just what is meant by that?"
"It means a tremendous amount of hard work and the most astonishing mental gymnastics on the part of the person preferred."

Daily Thought.

Religion is the best armor in the world, but the worst cloak.—Newton.

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This new position assumed by General Carranza and his advisers was a distinct relief to the United States. Orders immediately were rushed to the various commanders all along the line to keep their troops ready for any emergency. The very fact that in admitting that the situation was grave Ambassador Designate Arredondo also said that the threatened trouble came from Villista sources led officials to accept the reports that Villista still is alive and becoming a serious factor in Mexican affairs daily.

Carranza Garrison Suffers. The orders to Arredondo to announce that the situation was serious came direct from General Carranza. According to an official statement issued by the Mexican embassy the Carranza garrison at Corralitos was almost "destroyed" by an attack from the Villistas. Whether Villista was in personal command is not yet known although administration officials feel certain that he was.

Admission in the announcement by the embassy that General Carranza has agreed to "exercise all possible vigilance" south of the border was very pleasing to officials here. The announcement and warning was received by Secretary of State Lansing and President Wilson while the cabinet was in session. It was accepted as indicating a complete change of heart by the de facto government and the cabinet officials are understood to have agreed that, coupled with the latest declaration of principles by Carranza it indicates that there will be no obstacle raised in the way of a complete settlement of the issues at stake.

Asked to Watch Border.

In discussing the communication he received from Carranza, Arredondo said: "I have brought to the attention of the state department the fact that a large band of Villistas attacked our garrison at Corralitos on Wednesday, almost destroying it. Fearing that this band might try to penetrate the desert as far as the border and cause further difficulties between Mexico and the United States, General Carranza has directed the attention of the American government so that all possible vigilance may be exercised on the American side of the border between Equillas and Ojinaga. Mr. Carranza has promised to exercise the same vigilance on the Mexican side."

Nashville Robbed of \$71,167.

Nashville, Tenn., July 8.—The treasury of the city of Nashville was looted of \$71,167.79 by former city officials from 1890 to 1914, according to the final report to the city commission by James Cameron, an expert accountant, who has been auditing the city's books. The commission did not intimate what action it would take on the report.

Spray Calendars.

Nearly every experiment station publishes spray calendars. They contain much valuable information. Apply for them. They are free.

Support for Grape Vine.

A grape vine if properly supported requires very little ground space, but it gives some place to climb it will grow as long as 20 or more feet.

Head Fruit Trees Low.

Head your trees low. They are much easier sprayed.

The Preliminaries.

"We hear a great deal about political preferment," said the inquisitive person.
"Oh, yes. The papers are full of it," answered the practical politician.
"Just what is meant by that?"
"It means a tremendous amount of hard work and the most astonishing mental gymnastics on the part of the person preferred."

Daily Thought.

Religion is the best armor in the world, but the worst cloak.—Newton.

TAXI DRIVER IS SHOT

MAN AT WHEEL OF AUTO IS
KILLED BY PASSENGER.

INDICATIONS ARE CRIME WAS CAREFULLY PLANNED AND THAT ROBBERY WAS ITS MOTIVE.

Oshkosh.—George Bishop, 30 years old, a taxi driver for an Oshkosh taxi line, was lured to the outskirts of Oshkosh on a pretext of carrying a passenger to the corner of Jackson and Grant streets, near the Wisconsin county fair grounds, then shot and killed. He was evidently robbed of his cash, the pockets being turned inside out. The body was found leaning over the steering wheel. People of the neighborhood at first thought Bishop was asleep. Upon investigation it was found Bishop was shot in the back of the head, the bullet entering at the back of the skull and probably buried itself in the brain.

The crime evidently was carefully planned. The call for the taxi came to an Oshkosh hotel, and was relayed to the taxi office by a night clerk in the hotel. The taxi picked up the passenger at the corner of Main and Church streets, but from there nothing is known of what occurred.

GOOD ROADS MEN NAME HEAD

Charles Jacobus, Wauwatosa, Was
Elected President by State Association
at Milwaukee Meet.

Milwaukee.—Charles C. Jacobus, Wauwatosa, was chosen president of the Good Roads Association of Wisconsin at a meeting held here.

Other officers were elected as follows: Vice-president, Elmer S. Hall, Green Bay; treasurer, Ernest Perry, Fond du Lac; secretary, William H. Reese, Milwaukee;

Bargain Days

Ladies' Department

Children's Dresses $\frac{1}{4}$ off.—During this sale we will offer children's white and colored dresses at $\frac{1}{4}$ of the price off.

Lingerie Waists.—We have a lot of lingerie waists that are slightly soiled. These waists formerly sold up to \$3.50. During this sale they will be placed in two lots. .98c-\$1.98

Silk and Crepe de Chene Waists.—One lot during this sale at each . . . \$2.98

Wash Silk Waists.—One lot during this sale at, each. . \$1.98

Children's Coats at half price.

All Skirts greatly reduced.

All Summer Dresses $\frac{1}{4}$ off. During this sale we will offer all of our new up-to-date Summer Dresses at $\frac{1}{4}$ the price off.

\$7.50 Ladies Trimmed Hats \$1.15.—Ladies spring trimmed hats in pretty shapes, some values up to \$7.50, sale price only . . . \$1.45

\$3.00 Ladies and Children's Hats 95c.—Ladies and children's trimmed hats, values to \$3.00, sale price . . . 95c

\$1.00 Princess Slip 69c.—Ladies Princess slips in good quality Nainsook, well made and neatly trimmed, \$1.00 values, sale price . . . 69c

Shoe Department

\$4.00 Women's Pumps \$2.95.—Any pair of our black patent, black kid, or bronze kid pumps in plain or strapped effects, all this season's goods, and nearly all sizes, special sale price . . . \$2.95

\$3.50 Women's Pumps \$2.65.—Any pair of Women's Black Patent or Kid Leather Pumps, oxfords or Colonials, all the new strap effects in this season's styles, all sizes in some styles. Sale price . . . \$2.65

\$3.00 Women's Pumps, \$2.35.—Any pair of our Women's Black Patent Dull or Bright Kid Strapped or Plain Pumps. We still have a good selection to choose from, and nearly all sizes. Sale price . . . \$2.35

\$4.00 Men's Oxfords \$3.15.—Any pair of Men's oxfords in Black and Tan leather, rubber or fibre soles, new custom lasts and low heels. All this seasons styles included. Sale price . . . \$3.15

\$3.50 Men's Oxfords \$2.85.—Men's \$3.50 Oxfords in Black only. Button or Blucher styles, high wide toes and medium heels. We have all sizes. This is an exceptionally good bargain. Sale Price . . . \$2.85

10 per cent Discount on Misses and Children's Strapped Pumps.—During this sale we will give a special discount of 10 per cent on all Black Patent and Dull Leather Strapped Pumps for Misses and Children in low heel styles.

July 13 to 19

The reason for this sale at this time is obvious. We could make a long story of it, but we don't believe in filling up valuable space with superfluous words—we know you'd rather see bargains. We want to move these goods quickly, and feel sure that these prices will reduce our stocks to their normal condition. Don't let anything prevent your coming to this sale. Bring a full purse for you'll see so many real bargains that you'll regret it if you don't.

JULY

Bargain Basement

\$1.25 Ladies' Hand Bags.—Ladies' black leather hand bags, \$1.25 values, during this sale, each. . . 69c

50c Horsehide Gloves 25c.—Men's horsehide gloves, 50c values during this sale, per pair . . . 25c

Children's Gingham and Percale Dresses 48c.—Children's dresses made of good quality gingham and percale, pretty styles, ages 6 to 14 years, each . . . 48c

\$1.00 House Dresses 68c.—Women's house dresses in a good range of colors, all sizes, regular \$1.00 values, in our bargain basement, each . . . 68c

Women's and Misses Coat and Suits \$4.95.—One lot of Women's and Misses coats and suits, sizes 34 to 42. Some of these models were made to sell at prices up to \$20.00. These garments are made of good material but are not this season's styles. Your choice of the lot at . . . \$4.95

Women's Coats and Suits at \$2.95.—One lot of Women's coats and suits in a good assortment of colors and patterns. Sizes 14, 16, 18, and 36. Your choice of the lot at . . . \$2.95

Children's Percale Dresses 25c.—One lot of children's percale dresses, mostly small sizes, each . . . 25c

Women's \$1.25 Waists 88c.—Women's white wash waists, regular \$1.25 values in our bargain basement each. . 88c

Drug Department

Electric Bitters.—Regular \$1.00 size, special for this sale, per bottle . . . 79c

HEBROS TONIC.—Blood and Liver medicine, regular \$1.00 size, special for the sale. . . 25c

Putnam's Dry Cleaner.—25c size, special for this sale, per bottle . . . 17c

Compound Celery Nervine.—\$1.00 size, special for this sale per bottle . . . 59c

Arbutus Rice Powder.—Flesh or white, regular 25c packages during this sale . . . 16c

Pratts Baby Chick Food.—Regular 50c size, special for this sale only . . . 39c

Poison Fly Paper.—Regular 5c packages, during this sale, 3 packages for . . . 5c

Hess' Poultry Panacea, 5 lb. packages, regular price 60c. Special for this sale . . . 49c

Hess Dip and Disinfectant, 1 gallon can, regular \$1.00 size, special for the sale . . . 79c

Colgates Talcum Powder.—Choice of 5 odors, during this sale per can . . . 11c

Dry Goods Dept.

26c Pepperell Sheeting 15c.—Pepperell bleached sheeting, 45 inches wide, regular price 20c, this sale price, per yard only . . . 15c

11c Bleached Sheeting 8c.—Bleached Sheeting 36 inches wide regular price 11c, this sale price per yd. . . 8c

8c Apron Gingham 6c.—Good quality apron gingham, assorted checks, regular price 8c, sale price per yard. . 6c

Calico 5c per yard.—Columbia print calicos in both light and dark patterns, sale price per yard. . . 5c (Not over 20 yards to a customer.) This price is less than we can buy this goods at today.

15c Serpentine Crepe 11c.—Genuine Serpentine Crepe in a nice lot of patterns, lengths from two to nine yards, regular price 15c, sale price per yard . . . 11c

12½c Colored Lawns 7½c.—Colored lawns in floral designs, regular price up to 12½c, sale price per yd. . . 7½c

24c White goods 15c.—A nice lot of white goods in pretty patterns. Regular prices up to 24c. Sale price per yard . . . 15c

\$1.75 Taffeta Silks and Crepe de Chene \$1.25.—A nice lot of short length taffeta silks and crepe de chenes in desirable shades. Regular price up to \$1.75, sale price per yard . . . \$1.25

25c Crepetine 17c.—Fine quality Crepetine in a good assortment of patterns. Regular price 25c, sale price, per yard . . . 17c

25c, 35c and 50c Wash Goods at 25 per cent off.—Wash Goods beautiful patterns in short lengths. Regular prices are 25c, 35c, and 50c per yard, Sale Price 25 per cent off.

95c Dotted Mulls 49c.—White dotted mulls in a pretty lot of patterns. Regular price up to 95c. Sale price per yard . . . 49c

50c Veilings 25c.—Good quality of veiling in plain and shaded colors, regular price 50c, sale price per yard. . . 25c

Torchon Laces Half Price.—One assortment of Torchon laces, regular price 2c up to 10c, on sale at Half Price.

7c Embroideries 4c.—A nice assortment of embroideries 3 inches wide, regular price 7c, sale price per yard. . . 4c

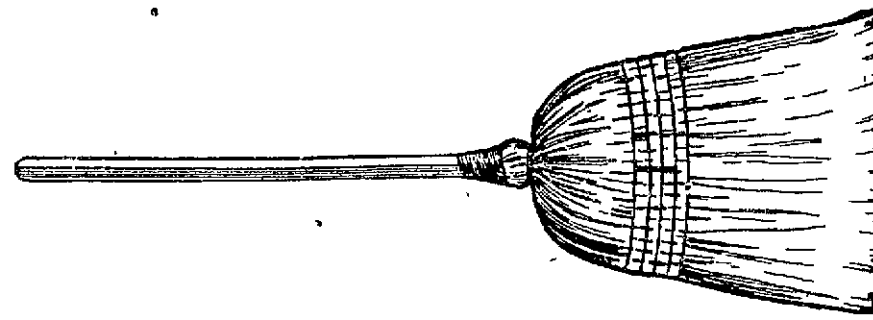
Embroidered Insertions Half Price.—Embroidered insertions in assorted widths, regular price 15c to \$1.00 per yard, on sale at Half Price.

10 yards of 10c Dress Gingham 79c.—Good quality dress gingham in pretty patterns, regular 10c cloth, sale price 10 yards for . . . 79c

\$2.00 Mesh Bags 88c.—Ladies German Silver mesh hand bags, values to \$2.00, sale price . . . 88c

15c Gingham 10c.—Toile du Nord and Lucille Dress Gingham, beautiful patterns, regular price 12½ and 15c, sale price per yard . . . 10c

CLEAN



SWEEP

Grocery Department

In Our Grocery Department we are always glad to see you.

Watch our prices, for they save you money. Our goods are all fresh and new.

NOW FOR THE CLEAN SWEEP SALE

Rice.—The 8c grade, not over 10 pounds to a customer. Clean Sweep Sale, the pound. . . 6c

Prunes.—The 10c grade, a good one; not over 10 pounds to a customer. Clean Sweep Sale, the pound. . . 6½c

Dried Peaches.—Very meaty, a dandy; not over 10 pounds to a customer. Clean Sweep Sale, the pound. . . 6c

Here is something for quick lunches; no cooking:

Grape Nuts.—The package . . . 10c

Krisp Corn Flakes.—You cannot beat it; 4 packages for. 19c

Soda Crackers.—The pound . . . 7c

Sardines in Oil—6 cans for. . . 19c

Sardines in Mustard—3 cans for. . . 23c

Salmon, a real good one, the can. . . 9c

Salmon, an extra good one, the can. . . 12½c

Peanut Butter.—The children like it, the pound. . . 11c

Cheese—American, the pound. . . 19c

Cheese—Brick, the pound. . . 21c

Try our Cheese, it certainly is fine.

Olives and Pickles.—A full supply.

Can Rubbers.—The very best. The regular 10c sellers, per dozen, 7c, on 4 dozen for. . . 25c

Coffee, Santos, 25c grade. . . 18c

Coffee, Rio, 20c grade. . . 14c

Tea Nibs.—A very good tea, the pound. . . 23c

Tea Fannings.—It makes a good drink, the pound. . . 13c

Herring, Salt, Round, Shore, per pail. . . 78c

Herring, Salt, Split, per pail. . . 68c

Ketchup, per bottle, each. . . 8c

Starch, Miller's Cold Water.—Will do the same work as flat iron starch . . . 5c

Jello, or Try Phosa, the package. . . 7c

Baking Powder, Calumet, 2½ lb cans. (This price is equal to 17c the pound) . . . 42c

Fly Paper, Sticky.—3 double sheets for. . . 5c

Soap, Toilet.—2 large size bars (not over 6 bars to a customer) . . . 5c

Free! Free! with every 49-lb sack Victoria Flour, 1 package Chums and 1 stick per nut bar candy.

Van Camp's Pork and Beans—

10c cans . . . 9c

15c cans . . . 13c

20c cans . . . 18c

Armour's Grape Juice—

50c quart bottle . . . 38c

30c pint bottle . . . 21c

Farmers, bring us your eggs. Highest price paid in cash.

Paint Department

35c cans House Paint.—Special during this sale, per can. 18c

80c Paint Brush, 48c.—This is a 4-inch brush and a bargain, at . . . 48c

75c cans Persian Varnish Stain, 48c.—This varnish stain is good for furniture or floors. Sale price, per can. . . 48c

30-inch Oatmeal Paper.—Colors, green, blue, brown and tan, 50c and 60c values at, per double roll. . . 35c (Ceilings and border to match.)

45c package Alabastine, during this sale. . . 39c

30c package Muresco, during this sale. . . 24c

35c package Prestolin, during this sale. . . 29c

\$3.00 grade Varnish, during this sale, per gallon. . . \$2.00

\$2.50 grade Varnish, during this sale, per gallon. . . \$1.50

90c grade Pure Linseed Oil, during this sale, per gallon. . 75c

Turpentine, during this sale, per gallon. . . 60c

Bring your cans

60c cans House Paint, during this sale. . . 35c

Hosiery Department

25c Boys' Black Cotton Hose, 19c.—Boys' black cotton ribbed hose, sizes 6 to 8, regular price, 25c, special at, per pair . . . 19c

45c Ladies Hose 29c.—Ladies Black and Tan hose, fibre silk and lisle, values to 45c, sale price per pair . . . 29c

25c Children's Tan Hose 18c.—Children's tan cotton ribbed hose. Regular price 25c, sale price . . . 18c

25c Infants Tan Hose 18c.—Infants tan hose, 25c quality, sale price per pair . . . 18c

Underwear Department

\$1.00 Ladies Union Suits 78c.—Ladies Lisle Ribbed Union Suits, sizes 34 to 44, low neck, no sleeve style, regular price \$1.00—Sale price . . . 78c

15c Gauze Vests 10c.—Ladies gauze vests, values to 15c, sale price each . . . 10c

Men's Department

Men's 25c Garters . . . 18c

Men's 50c Work Shirts in blue, gray and tan, sale price, each . . . 43c

Men's 10c Work or Dress Socks, per pair . . . 7c

50c Men's Shirt and Drawers 39c.—Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, 50c values, sale price, each . . . 39c

Men's 50c Union Suits 38c.—Men's Eru color Cotton Ribbed Union Suits, 50c values, sale price. . . 38c

Men's \$1.00 Dress Shirts 78c.—Men's dress shirts with or without collar, \$1.00 values, sale price, each. . . 78c

Men's \$1.50 Dress Shirts \$1.15.—Men's Dress Shirts with collar attached or banded style, \$1.50 shirts, your choice at only . . . \$1.15

\$8.00 Young Men's Suits \$3.85.—Young men's long pant suits, sizes 32 to 36, assorted patterns in greys, tans, regular \$8.00 values, sale price each . . . \$3.85

\$15.00 Men's Suits \$10.85.—Men's and Young Men's Suits in brown and grey mixtures and checks, values up to \$15.00, sale price . . . \$10.85

\$20.00 Men's Suits \$14.85.—Men's and Young Men's suits in tans, greys and browns, values to \$20.00, sale price. . \$14.85

\$25.00 Men's Suits \$18.85.—Men's and Young Men's suits in fine qualities, browns, greys and blue mixed. This lot contains values up to \$25.00, sale price. . . \$18.85

Crockery Department

42-piece Dinner Set, plain white, semi-porcelain, regular \$3.95 value, special at, per set. . . \$2.95

31-piece Dinner Set, same grade of ware as set above, \$2.50 value, at . . . \$1.98

\$1.25 value, 10-piece Guernsey, brown and white cooking ware. Special at, per set. . . 85c

\$1.00 Guernsey Casseroles, brown and white ware, nickel or copper frames, each . . . 79c

12-piece Kitchen Set, yellow ware with white bands, \$2.75 value, at . . . \$2.00

25c Decorated Jardiniers, during this sale, each. . . 15c

\$1.25 Fancy Pictures.—Special for this sale, each. . . 98c

These pictures are copies of the pictures seen at the Art Institute, Chicago.

25c Cut Glass Vases during this sale, each . . . 19c

25c Water Bottle and Tumbler cut glass. Special during this sale, per set . . . 19c

30c Fancy Cake Plates during this sale, each. . . 19c

60c Set of 6 Teaspoons special during this sale per set. . 45c

65c Green Vases large size with two handles. Special during this sale each . . . 45c

50c Green Vases, during this sale, each. . . 29c

25c Green Vases during this sale, each. . . 19c

25c Cereal Jars during this sale each. . . 19c

Carpet Department

White and Ecu Curtain Nets.—Regular 30c grade, special during this sale, per yard. . . 22c

White and Ecu Curtain Nets.—Regular 25c grade. Special during this sale per yard . . . 19c

\$6.00 Linoleum Rugs, size 6 x 9 feet. Special during this sale each . . . \$4.95

\$12.00 Linoleum Rugs.—Size 9x12 feet, special during this sale each . . . \$9.98

6x8 feet Bamboo Porch Shades.—Special during this sale each . . . 98c

8x8 feet Bamboo Porch Shades.—Special during this sale, each . . . \$1.48

Hardware Department

35c Pliers 29c.—Combination Slip Joint handy plier, just what you need. Regular 35c value special for this week each . . . 29c

65c Hoes 34c.—4 tine cultivator hoe, solid socket, just the thing for cultivating small gardens, worth 65c, special for this sale, each. . . 34c

45c Garden Hoe 29c.—Genuine 7-inch English garden hoe, regular 45c value. To clean out the balance of our stock, each . . . 29c

40c Stable Gutter Cleaners 24c.—Special Diamond Edge stable gutter cleaner, just the thing for cement floor work. Regular price 40c, special during this sale, each. . 24c

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Bargain - Days

Ladies' Department

Children's Dresses 1/4 off.—During this sale we will offer children's white and colored dresses at 1/4 of the price off.

Lingerie Waists.—We have a lot of lingerie waists that are slightly soiled. These waists formerly sold up to \$3.50. During this sale they will be placed in two lots. .98c-\$1.98 Silk and Crepe de Chene Waists.—One lot during this sale at each \$2.98

Wash Silk Waists.—One lot during this sale at, each. . \$1.98 Children's Coats at half price. All Skirts greatly reduced.

All Summer Dresses 1/4 off. During this sale we will offer all of our new up-to-date Summer Dresses at 1/4 the price off.

\$7.50 Ladies Trimmed Hats \$1.15.—Ladies spring trimmed hats in pretty shapes, some values up to \$7.50, sale price only \$1.45

\$3.00 Ladies and Children's Hats 95c.—Ladies and children's trimmed hats, values to \$3.00, sale price 95c

\$1.00 Princess Slips 69c.—Ladies Princess slips in good quality Nainsook, well made and neatly trimmed, \$1.00 values, sale price 69c

Shoe Department

\$4.00 Women's Pumps \$2.95.—Any pair of our black patent, black kid, or brogue kid pumps in plain or strapped effects, all this season's goods, and nearly all sizes, special sale price \$2.95

\$3.50 Women's Pumps \$2.65.—Any pair of Women's Black Patent or Kid Leather Pumps, oxfords or Colonials, all the new strap effects in this season's styles, all sizes in some styles. Sale price \$2.65

\$3.00 Women's Pumps, \$2.35.—Any pair of our Women's Black Patent Dull or Bright Kid Strapped or Plain Pumps. We still have a good selection to choose from, and nearly all sizes. Sale price \$2.35

\$1.00 Men's Oxfords \$3.15.—Any pair of Men's oxfords in Black and Tan leather, rubber or fibre soles, new custom lasts and low heels. All this season's styles included. Sale price \$3.15

\$3.50 Men's Oxfords \$2.85.—Men's \$3.50 Oxfords in Black only. Button or Blucher styles, high wide toes and medium heels. We have all sizes. This is an exceptionally good bargain. Sale Price \$2.85

10 per cent Discount on Misses and Children's Strapped Pumps.—During this sale we will give a special discount of 10 per cent on all Black Patent and Dull Leather Strapped Pumps for Misses and Children in low heel styles.

July 13 to 19

The reason for this sale at this time is obvious. We could make a long story of it, but we don't believe in filling up valuable space with superfluous words—we know you'd rather see bargains. We want to move these goods quickly, and feel sure that these prices will reduce our stocks to their normal condition. Don't let anything prevent your coming to this sale. Bring a full purse for you'll see so many real bargains that you'll regret it if you don't.

JULY

Bargain Basement

\$1.25 Ladies' Hand Bags.—Ladies' black leather hand bags, \$1.25 values, during this sale, each. 69c

50c Horsehide Gloves 25c.—Men's horsehide gloves, 50c values during this sale, per pair 25c

Children's Gingham and Percale Dresses 48c.—Children's dresses made of good quality gingham and percale, pretty styles, ages 6 to 14 years, each 48c

\$1.00 House Dresses 68c.—Women's house dresses in a good range of colors, all sizes, regular \$1.00 values, in our bargain basement, each 68c

Women's and Misses Coats and Suits \$4.95.—One lot of Women's and Misses coats and suits, sizes 34 to 42. Some of these models were made to sell at prices up to \$20.00. These garments are made of good material but are not this season's styles. Your choice of the lot at . . . \$4.95

Women's Coats and Suits at \$2.95.—One lot of Women's coats and suits in a good assortment of colors and patterns. Sizes 14, 16, 18, and 36. Your choice of the lot at . . . \$2.95

Children's Percale Dresses 25c.—One lot of children's percale dresses, mostly small sizes, each 25c

Women's \$1.25 Waists 88c.—Women's white wash waists, regular \$1.25 values in our bargain basement each. . 88c

Drug Department

Electric Bitters—Regular \$1.00 size, special for this sale, per bottle 79c

HEBROS TONIC—Blood and Liver medicine, regular \$1.00 size, special for the sale. 25c

Putnam's Dry Cleaner—25c size, special for this sale, per bottle 17c

Compound Celery Nervine.—\$1.00 size, special for this sale per bottle 59c

Arbutus Rice Powder.—Flesh or white, regular 25c packages during this sale 16c

Pratts Baby Chick Food—Regular 50c size, special for this sale only 39c

Poison Fly Paper—Regular 5c packages, during this sale, 3 packages for 5c

Hess Poultry Panacea, 5 lb. packages, regular price 60c. Special for this sale 49c

Hess Dip and Disinfectant, 1 gallon can, regular \$1.00 size, special for the sale 79c

Colgates Talcum Powder—Choice of 5 odors, during this sale per can 11c

Dry Goods Dept.

20c Pepperell Sheeting 15c.—Pepperell bleached sheeting, 45 inches wide, regular price 20c, this sale price, per yard only 15c

11c Bleached Sheeting 8c.—Bleached Sheeting 36 inches wide regular price 11c, this sale price per yd. 8c

8c Apron Gingham 6c.—Good quality apron gingham, assorted checks, regular price 8c, sale price per yard. . 6c

Calico 5c per yard.—Columbia print calicos in both light and dark patterns, sale price per yard. 5c (Not over 20 yards to a customer.) This price is less than we can buy this goods at today.

15c Serpentine Crepe 11c.—Genuine Serpentine Crepe in a nice lot of patterns, lengths from two to nine yards, regular price 15c, sale price per yard 11c

12 1/2c Colored Lawns 7 1/2c.—Colored lawns in floral designs, regular price up to 12 1/2c, sale price per yd. 7 1/2c

24c White goods 15c.—A nice lot of white goods in pretty patterns. Regular prices up to 24c. Sale price per yard 15c

\$1.75 Taffeta Silks and Crepe de Chene \$1.25.—A nice lot of short length taffeta silks and crepe de chenes in desirable shades. Regular price up to \$1.75, sale price per yard \$1.25

25c Crepetine 17c.—Fine quality Crepetine in a good assortment of patterns. Regular price 25c, sale price, per yard 17c

25c, 35c and 50c Wash Goods at 25 per cent off.—Wash Goods beautiful patterns in short lengths. Regular prices are 25c, 35c, and 50c per yard. Sale Price 25 per cent off.

95c Dotted Mulls 49c.—White dotted mulls in a pretty lot of patterns. Regular price up to 95c. Sale price per yard 49c

50c Veilings 25c.—Good quality of veiling in plain and shaded colors, regular price 50c, sale price per yard. . . 25c

Torchon Laces Half Price.—One assortment of Torchon laces, regular price 2c up to 10c, on sale at Half Price.

7c Embroideries 4c.—A nice assortment of embroideries 3 inches wide, regular price 7c, sale price per yard. . . 4c

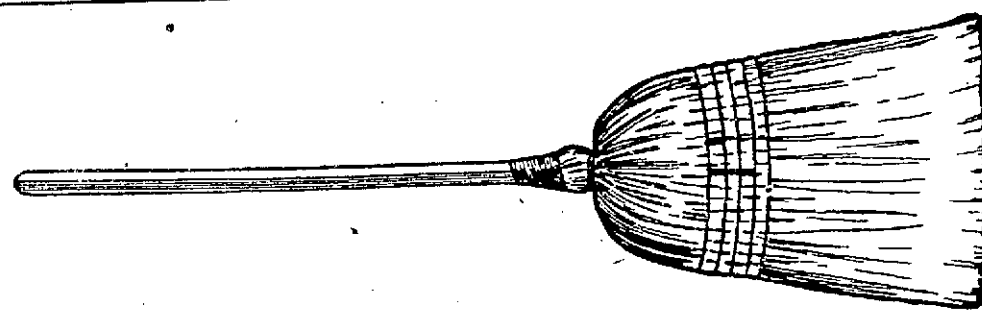
Embroidered Insertions Half Price.—Embroidered insertions in assorted widths, regular price 15c to \$1.00 per yard, on sale at Half Price.

10 yards of 10c Dress Gingham 79c.—Good quality dress gingham in pretty patterns, regular 10c cloth, sale price 10 yards for 79c

\$2.00 Mesh Bags 88c.—Ladies German Silver mesh hand bags, values to \$2.00, sale price 88c

15c Gingham 10c.—Toile du Nord and Lucille Dress Gingham, beautiful patterns, regular price 12 1/2 and 15c, sale price per yard 10c

CLEAN



SWEEP

Grocery Department

In Our Grocery Department we are always glad to see you. Watch our prices, for they save you money. Our goods are all fresh and new.

NOW FOR THE CLEAN SWEEP SALE

Rice—The 8c grade, not over 10 pounds to a customer. Clean Sweep Sale, the pound. 6c

Prunes—The 10c grade, a good one; not over 10 pounds to a customer. Clean Sweep Sale, the pound. 6 1/2c

Dried Peaches—Very meaty, a dandy; not over 10 pounds to a customer. Clean Sweep Sale, the pound. 6c

Here is something for quick lunches; no cooking:

Grape Nuts—The package 10c

Krisp Corn Flakes—You cannot beat it; 4 packages for. 19c

Ginger Snaps—The pound 5c

Soda Crackers—The pound. 7c

Sardines in Oil—6 cans for. 19c

Sardines in Mustard—3 cans for. 23c

Salmon, a real good one, the can. 9c

Salmon, an extra good one, the can. 12 1/2c

Peanut Butter—The children like it, the pound. 11c

Cheese—American, the pound. 19c

Cheese—Brick, the pound. 21c

Try our Cheese, it certainly is fine.

Olives and Pickles—A full supply.

Can Rubbers—The very best. The regular 10c sellers, per dozen, 7c, or 1/4 dozen for. 25c

Coffee, Santos, 25c grade. 18c

Coffee, Rio, 20c grade. 14c

Tea Nibs—A very good tea, the pound. 23c

Tea Fannings—It makes a good drink, the pound. 13c

Herring, Salt, Round, Shore, per pair. 78c

Herring, Salt, Split, per pair. 68c

Ketchup, per bottle, each. 8c

Starch, Miller's Cold Water—Will do the same work as flat iron starch. 5c

Jello, or Try Phoska, the package. 7c

Baking Powder, Calumet, 2 1/2 lb cans. (This price is equal to 17c the pound). 42c

Fly Paper, Sticky—3 double sheets for. 5c

Soap, Toilet—2 large size bars (not over 6 bars to a customer). 5c

Free! Free! with every 49-lb. sack Victoria Flour, 1 package Chums and 1 stick per nut bar candy.

Van Camp's Pork and Beans—

10c cans 9c

15c cans 13c

20c cans 18c

Armour's Grape Juice—

50c quart bottle 38c

30c pint bottle 21c

Farmers, bring us your eggs. Highest price paid in cash.

Paint Department

35c cans House Paint—Special during this sale, per can. 18c

80c Paint Brush, 48c.—This is a 4-inch brush and a bargain, at 48c

75c cans Persian Varnish Stain, 48c.—This varnish stain is good for furniture or floors. Sale price, per can. . . 48c

30-inch Oatmeal Paper—Colors, green, blue, brown and tan, 50c and 60c values at, per double roll. 35c (Ceilings and border to match.)

45c package Alabastine, during this sale. 39c

30c package Murexco, during this sale. 24c

35c package Fresholin, during this sale. 29c

\$3.00 grade Varnish, during this sale, per gallon. . . \$2.00

\$2.50 grade Varnish, during this sale, per gallon. . . \$1.50

90c grade Pure Linseed Oil, during this sale, per gallon. . 75c

Turpentine, during this sale, per gallon. 60c

Bring your cans

60c cans House Paint, during this sale. 35c

Hosiery Department

25c Boys' Black Cotton Hose, 19c.—Boys' black cotton ribbed hose, sizes 6 to 8, regular price, 25c, special at, per pair 19c

45c Ladies Hose 29c.—Ladies Black and Tan hose, fibre silk and lisle, values to 45c, sale price per pair . . . 29c

25c Children's Tan Hose 18c.—Children's tan cotton ribbed hose. Regular price 25c, sale price 18c

25c Infants Tan Hose 18c.—Infants tan hose, 25c quality, sale price per pair 18c

Underwear Department

\$1.00 Ladies Union Suits 78c.—Ladies Lisle Ribbed Union Suits, sizes 34 to 44, low neck, no sleeve style, regular price \$1.00.—Sale price 78c

15c Gauze Vests 10c.—Ladies gauze vests, values to 15c, sale price each 10c

Men's Department

Men's 25c Garters 18c

Men's 50c Work Shirts in blue, gray and tan, sale price, each 43c

Men's 10c Work or Dress Socks, per pair. 7c

50c Men's Shirt and Drawers 39c.—Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, 50c values, sale price, each. 39c

Men's 50c Union Suits 38c.—Men's Ecu color Cotton Ribbed Union Suits, 50c values, sale price. 38c

Men's \$1.00 Dress Shirts 78c.—Men's dress shirts with or without collar, \$1.00 values, sale price, each. 78c

Men's \$1.50 Dress Shirts \$1.15.—Men's Dress Shirts with collar attached or banded style, \$1.50 shirts, your choice at only \$1.15

\$8.00 Young Men's Suits \$3.85.—Young men's long pant suits, sizes 32 to 36, assorted patterns in greys, tan, regular \$8.00 values, sale price each \$3.85

\$15.00 Men's Suits \$10.85.—Men's and Young Men's Suits in brown and grey mixtures and checks, values up to \$15.00, sale price \$10.85

\$20.00 Men's Suits \$14.85.—Men's and Young Men's suits in tans, greys and browns, values to \$20.00, sale price. . \$14.85

\$25.00 Men's Suits \$18.85.—Men's and Young Men's suits in fine qualities, browns, greys and blue mixed. This lot contains values up to \$25.00, sale price. \$18.85

Crockery Department

42-piece Dinner Set, plain white, semi-porcelain, regular \$3.95 value, special at, per set. \$2.95

31-piece Dinner Set, same grade of ware as set above, \$2.50 value, at \$1.98

\$1.25 value, 10-piece Guernsey, brown and white cooking ware. Special at, per set. 85c

\$1.00 Guernsey Casseroles, brown and white ware, nickel or copper frames, each 79c

12-piece Kitchen Set, yellow ware with white bands, \$2.75 value, at \$2.00

25c Decorated Jardiniers, during this sale, each. 15c

\$1.25 Fancy Pictures—Special for this sale, each. 98c

These pictures are copies of the pictures seen at the Art Institute, Chicago.

25c Cut Glass Vases during this sale, each 19c

25c Water Bottle and Tumbler cut glass. Special during this sale, per set 19c

30c Fancy Cake Plates during this sale, each. 19c

60c Set of 6 Teaspoons special during this sale per set. . 45c

65c Green Vases large size with two handles. Special during this sale each 45c

50c Green Vases, during this sale, each 29c

25c Green Vases during this sale, each. 19c

25c Cereal Jars during this sale each. 19c

Carpet Department

White and Ecu Curtain Nets.—Regular 30c grade, special during this sale, per yard. 22c

White and Ecu Curtain Nets.—Regular 25c grade. Special during this sale per yard 19c

\$6.00 Linoleum Rugs, size 6 x 9 feet. Special during this sale each \$4.95

\$12.00 Linoleum Rugs.—Size 9x12 feet, special during this sale each \$9.98

6x8 feet Bamboo Porch Shades—Special during this sale each 98c

8x8 feet Bamboo Porch Shades—Special during this sale, each \$1.48

Hardware Department

35c Pliers 29c.—Combination Slip Joint handy plier, just what you need. Regular 35c value special for this week each 29c

65c Hoes 34c.—4 tine cultivator hoe, solid socket, just the thing for cultivating small gardens, worth 65c, special for this sale, each. 34c

45c Garden Hoe 29c.—Genuine 7-inch English garden hoe, regular 45c value. To clean out the balance of our stock, each 29c

40c Stable Gutter Cleaners 24c.—Special Diamond Edge stable gutter cleaner, just the thing for cement floor work. Regular price 40c, special during this sale, each. . 24c

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.